Terms of Subscription

Two Dollars and fifty cents it paid in advanceat the end of three months. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publishers. No subscription received for less than twelve months. We will pay the postage on letters containing Five Dollars and upwards, and money may be re-mitted through the mail at our risk. The Postmaster's certificate of such remittance shall be v

sufficient receipt therefor. Thetters to the proprietors on business con-nected with this establishment, must be post paid

Post Office, Wilmington. NEW MAIL ARRANGEMENT . NORTHERN MAIL., by Rail Road, is due daily at 3 P. M

and close at 10 every night. Southern Mail, by Steamer from Charleston, is due daily at 8 A. M., and closes at 121 P. M. every day. FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Rail Road, is due on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 P. M., and closes on same

days at 10 at night. FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Prospect Hall, Elizabethtown, Westbrooks, and Robesons, is due on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays, at 9 A. M., and closes on same days at 10 P. M.

SMITHVILLE MAIL, by Steamer, is due daily at 8 A. M. and closes at 121 P. M. every day. TAYLOR'S BRIDGE, LONG CREEK, MOORE'S CREEK, BLACK RIVER CHAPEL, and HARRELL'S STORE MAIL, is due every Thursday at 6 P. M., and closes same night at 10. ONSLOW COURT HOUSE, STUMP SOUND, and TOPSAIL MAIL, is due every Monday at 4 P. M., and closes every Thursday night at 10 P. M.

PRENTENC OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Neatly executed and with despatch, on liberal terms for cash, at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

DAVID PULTON. ATTORNEY AT LAW,

EDWARD CANTWELL; ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice in the Courts of

NEW-HANOVER, BRUNSWICK, SAMPSON.

DUPLIN, and ONSLOW. June 19, 1846

MANTUA-MAKING.

RS. PRICE would inform the ladies of Wilmington and its vicinity, that she will execute work in the above line, on reasonable terms. Residence over the JOURNAL OFFICE, November 7, 1845 JAMES I. BRYAN,

Commission Merchant, NUTT'S BUILDING-Next door to

HALL & ARMSTRONG. GILLESPE & ROBESON

Continue the AGENCY business, and will make liberal advances on consignments of Lumber, Naval Stores, &c. &c. Wilmington, August 1st, 1845.

MYERS & BARNUM. HATS AND CAPS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

MARKET STREET-Wilmington, N. C. GEORGE W. DAVIS.

Commission and Forwarding MERCHANT, LONDON'S WHARF, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Boby. G. Bankun.

Austioneer & Commission Merchant, Liberal advances made on shipments to his friends cancy. in New York.

september 21, 1844.

JOHN HALLS

Commission Merchant, One door So. of Brown & DeRossett's, Water-st | rai. WILMINGTON, N. C.

New Fall and Winter GOODS.

H. S. KELLY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MARKET-STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C., HAS recently returned from the city of New York, with a large and well selected stock of Goods in his line, to wit : Super super West of England, French, German, and American CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., all of the latest importations, embracing every variety of shade and color, which are most in favor; all of which will be made to order in a manner and style that cannot be surpassed in this or any other city in the Union. Having spent the last two or three months in the Northern cities, and acquired a thorough knowledge of all the latest styles of gentlemen's garments, and procured some of the best art and science of my profession, together with my own experience, I feel confident in assuring the citizens of Wilmington, as well as the surrounding country, that all who favor me with a call shall not go away dissatisfied as regards CHEAP GOODS or a PERFECT FIT.

I solicit the attention of the citizens generally to my fancy goods of the most desirable styles, consisting in part of rich fancy Scarfs and Cravats, plain and black; plain and seamed silk and satin Stocks; self-adjusting rich fancy Cravat Ties; Shirts, Bosoms and Collars of every style and South side of Market 3d door from Water-st. Shirts, Bosoms and Collars of every style and quality; silk, cotton, woollen, merino, and buckskin Under Garments; fall and winter Gloves, of all kinds; Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Dressing Gowns; Hosiery; Cravat stiffeners; Umbrellas, &c. &c. All which will be SOLD CHEAP. In addition to the above will be found a large

and general assortment of R E A D Y - M A D E CLOTHING, which consists in part of Dress and Frock Coats, Pants, Vests, Over Coats, Cloaks, &c. &c. Having made arrangements with one of the largest Wholesale Clothing Stores in New York, on such terms that will enable me to sell much cheaper than any one only manufacturing a few articles under his own eyes.

N. B .- My friends and customers will bear in mind that hereafter I shall adopt a new system. For cash there will be a discount of ten per cent. It would be well for cash customers to make it known, as in future I shall make a great difference between cash and credit. [October 30, 1846.

\$10 REWARD.

UNAWAY from the subscriber, about the 15th ult., his Negro boy BEN. He is aton; and formerly belonged to Dr. W. A. Berry, from whom the subscriber purchased him last spring. He is so well known about town, where he is believed to be lurking, that a more minute description is deemed unnecessary. The above reward will be paid for his confinement in the Wilmington Jail, or for his delivery to DANIEL S. SANDERS.

500 CASKS LIME, 200 bales prime Eastern Hay, 3"U bushels Cow Peas. 400 pounds North Carolina Bacon, 6 barrels do Lard. do

10 bags Laguira Coffee, 5 do Rio do.

25 barrels Apple Brandy, 25 do Imitation do. 10 quarter casks Malaga Wine, 20 bushels Dried Apples,

ERS & BARNUM, at the old stand.
C. MYERS. 10 barrels Sugar, &c. For sale by A. MARTIN.

Wilmington Journal.

DAVID PULTON, EDITOR. GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND LIBERTY.

lars.

VOL. 3 .-- NO. 9.

J. ATWOOD, PORTRAIT PAINTER,

PROM PHILADELPHIA, TILL remain in town a few days; those who are desirous of their Family Portraits will please make early application. His Rooms are over Doct. Evans' Drug Store, Exchange Buildings. Nov. 6, 1846. 8tf



Brigade Orders No. 2. HEAD QUARTERS, 3RD BRIGADE,

6TH DIVISION NORTH-CAROLINA MILITIA. WILMINGTON, 25th August, 1846.

To Colonels Commanding 24th, 30th, 31st, and 39th Regiments of North Carolina Militia. YOU are hereby ordered to have your respective Regiments ready for inspection and review at the following times and places, viz:

The 24th Regiment at Jacksonville, Onslow County, on Wednesday, the 11th day of November year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen next. The 31st Regiment at Kenansville, Duplin hundred and forty-seven, to be paid out of a-County. on Saturday, the 14th day of November. ny unappropriated money in the Treasury, The 39th Regiment at Smithville, Brunswick viz: County, on Wednesday, the 18th November. The 30th Regiment at Wilmington, New Hanover County, on Saturday, the 21st November. The line to be formed and ready for inspection thousand eight hundred and sixteen dollars. and review at 11 o'clock, A. M. 35th Section of the Militia Laws, to the Brigadier sand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars and General, at this place, on or before the 25th of fifty cents.

L. H. MARSTELLER, Brig. Gen'l. WM. N. PEDEN, Aid-de-Camp.

BRIGADE ORDERS No. 3. HEAD QUARTERS, 30 BRIGADE. 6TH DIVISION, NOR. CAROLINA MILITIA WILMINGTON, 15th October, 1846. To the Commissioned Officers attached to the 30th Regiment of North Carolina Militia.

VACANCY having occurred in the office of Colonel of your Regiment, by the resignation of Colonel John McRae, you are hereby or dered to meet at the Court House, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on Friday, the 20th November next, for the purpose of electing some one to fill said vacancy. Should there be any vacancies created by the election on that day among the Field Officers of said Regiment, you will proceed at the same time to elect persons to fill them. Lieut. Col. Robitzch will superintend the election, and certify the result to the Brigadier Gene-

By order of L. H. MARSTELLER, Brig. Gen. WM. N. PEDEN, Aid-de-Camp. October 16, 1846

BRIGADE ORDERS NO. 4. HEAD QUARTERS, 3d BRIGADE, OTH DIVISION NORTH-CAROLINA MILITIA. Wilmington, 24th October, 1846.

To the Commissioned Officers attached to the 39th Regiment of North-Carolina Militia : A vacancy having occurred in the office of Coonel of your Regiment, by the resignation of Col. William R. Hall, you are hereby ordered to meet at the Court-house in Smithville, at 3 o'clock, P. M., on Tuesday, the 17th day of November next,

for the purpose of electing some one to fill said va-Should there be any vacancies created by the election on that day among the Field officers of said Regiment, you will proceed at the same time to elect persons to fill them. Major Robert Gibbs will superintend the elec-

tion, and certify the result to the Brigadier Gene-By order of L. H. MARSTELLER, Brig. Gen'l. WM. N. PEDEN, Aid-de-Camp.

> **HEAD QUARTERS!** 30тн REGIMENT, N. C. M.

WILMINGTON, N. C. October 9th, 1846. THE COMPANIES composing the 30th Regiment of North Carolina Militia, are hereby ordered to parade at Wilmington, on Saturday the 21st of November next, armed and equiped as the law directs, for Review and Inspection. The line to be formed at 101 o'clock, A. M.

The Officers, non-commissioned Officers, and Musicians, of the Regiment, will meet in Uniform at Wilmington, on Friday, the 20th day of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for Inspection

Commanders of companies are requested to make their returns on or before the 25th October

By order of the Colonel commanding, JNO. McRAE, Jr., Adjt. 30th Regt. N. C. Militia. Oct. 16, 1846.-[5-4t

Earthen, Glass, & China Ware. THE subscriber has just returned from the northern cities with a full and splendid assortment of EARTHEN, GLASS, AND CHI-NA WARE, of the latest and most fashionable patterns, which he offers on the most reasonable no hesitation in pronouncing his stock superior

Wilmington, Oct. 10, 1846. MYERS & BARNUM,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN llats, Caps, Bonnets, Umbrellas, Walking

Canes, &c. &c.

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Wilmington splendid assortment now receiving at thousand eight hundred dollars; the old stand of C. MYERS, North side of Market street, which we offer at wholesale and retail, United States, and the clerks and messenger

Gent.'s Beaver, Nutria, Moleskin, and Silk Hats,

of Beebee & Costar's and Leary's Fall Fashion for 1846, a splendid article, just received, and a few more left of the same sort." Please call and examine them. Also, a very large assortment of Men's, Boys', & Infants' Caps, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, of the latest and most approved patterns. Gent.'s French soft Dress, Silk, Velvet, and Cloth Caps; bout 17 years old; is well known about Wilming- Gent.'s French Guard do.: Blue and Black Spring Band, Palo Alto, Ringgold, Oregon, Oil Silk, Velveteen, Glazed Lawn, &c., &c.

Youths' and Boys' Caps of every style and quality, from 121 cents to \$2, 50, the largest assortment ever offered in this market, and at astonishing low prices. A beautiful article of Infants' Cloth and Silk Velvet Caps,

to which we particularly call the attention of those wanting Caps for children. In fact, every article in our line we have a rich and full assortment, to which we respectfully call the atten- eight hundred dollars. at Prices to suit the times.

MYERS & BARNUM. Wilmington, Oct. 30, 1846.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1846.

[BY AUTHORITY.] [PUBLIC.]

ACTS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. THE UNITED STATES.

ASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, WHICH WAS BE-GUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHING-TON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER. ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNERED AND FORTY-FIVE.

JAMES K. POLK, President. GEORGE M. DAL-LAS, Vice President. JOHN W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 175.—AN ACT Making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of Government, for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other pur-

[Sec. 1.] Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That, the following sums be, and hereby are, appropriated to the objects bereinafter expressed, for the

For compensation and mileage of Senators and members of the House of Representatives. and delegates, three hundred and seventy-one For compensation of the officers and clerks You will make your returns as required by the of both Houses of Congress, thirty-nine thou-

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, one hundred and nine thousand dollars. For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other

contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, two hundred and sixteen thousand seven hundred and three dollars; including one hundred and forty-three thousand five hundred and twenty-eight dollars for printing for the year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

For compensation of librarian, two assistant librarians, and messenger of the library, four thousand five hundred dollars; For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars; For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars;

one thousand dollars. EXECUTIVE. For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars; For miscellaneous items, two hundred dol-For compensation of the Vice President of the United States, five thousand dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE. For compensation of the Secretary of State, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-six thousand three hundred dollars; For the incidental and contingent expenses

of said department, ziz: For publishing the laws, and packing and distributing the laws and documents, including proof-reading, labor, boxes, and trans-portation, nine thousand dollars; For stationery, blank books, binding, labor,

attendance, furniture, fixtures, repairs, painting and glazing, four thousand four hundred For printing, letter press and copper-plate advertising, books, and maps, two thousand

dollars;

For newspapers, two hundred dollars: For miscellaneous items, one thousand dol

For compensation of superintendent and hree watchmen of the northeast executive building, one thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars: For the contingent expenses of the said building, viz:

For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand two undred dollars; For miscellaneous items, eleven hundred TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-six thousand and fifty dollars; For compensation of the First Comptroller,

and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-two thousand six nundred dollars; For compensation of Second Comptroller and the clerks and messenger in his office, fif-teen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars;

For compensation of the First Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, eighteen thousand nine hundred dollars; For compensation of the Second Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, twenty-four thousand nine hundred dollars.

including four additional clerks at a salary of

one thousand dollars each; For payment of extra clerk hire in the office of the Second Auditor from the tenth September, eighteen hundred and forty-five to the thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fortysix, eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars; For compensation of the Third Auditor, and

the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, thirty-five thousand and fifty For compensation of the Fourth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, eighteen thousand nine hundred and fifty dol-

For compensation of the Ffth Auditor, an and vicinity, to their large and the clerks and messenger in his office, twelve For compensation of the Treasurer of the in his office, thirteen thousand three hundred

and fifty dollars : For compensation of the Register of the Freasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-seven thousand two hundred dollars;

For compensation of the Commissioner the General Land Office, and the recorder, messengers, and packers in his office, eightythree thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight

For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, and the clerks and messenger in his office, eight thousand and fifty dollars; CONTINGENCIES OF THE TREASU RY DEPARTMENT. office of the Secretary of the Treasury

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, compensation for carrying the Department mails, translations, printing, including public accounts, eight thousand two hundred dollars;
For miscellaneous expenses, two thousand

preserved for the use of the office. Jabor, and office furniture, one thousand two hundred In the office of the Surgeon General: For blank books, binding, stationery, print-ing, and fuel, one hundred and eighty-five dollars;

In the office of the First Auditor: For blank books, binding, stationery, and abor, six hundred and fifty dollars; For miscellaneous items, three hundred

ifty dollars. In the office of the Second Auditor: In the Bureau of Topographical Engineers: For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and fuel, seven hundred and fifty dollars; For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing blanks, seven hundred and fifty

For miscellaneous items, two hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation of superintendent and In the office of the Third Auditor : For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, labor, and office furniture, eight hundred dollars;

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dol-For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand four In the office of the Fourth Auditor: hundred dollars; For blank books, binding, stationery, print-For miscellaneous items, one thousand six ng, and labor, seven hundred and fifty dollars; undred dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dol-

In the office of the Fifth Auditor : For blank books, binding, stationery, and abor, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; five hundred and fifty dollars: For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars. In the office of the Treasurer:

For blank books, binding, stationery, and abor, six hundred dollars; For miscellaneous items, three hundred and eventy-five dollars.

n the office of the Register of the Treasury

For blank books, hinding, printing, stationery, and labor, four thousand dollars, including two thousand dollars for arrears for blank pooks, binding, and ruling; For miscellaneous items, one thousand dol-

For cases for the safekeeping of books and

papers, and including the wages of a laborer, we thousand three hundred dollars. In the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office: For stationery, including blank books, and lank forms for the district land offices, pieces of parchment and printing patents, advertising land sales in newspapers and in handbill form, public notices, and printing circulars, office furniture and repairs of the same, and pay of laborers employed in the office, ten thousand

four hundred and twenty-five dollars; For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars. In the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars and blank forms for returns of For purchase of law books for said library, district attorneys, marshals, clerks of courts, three watchmen of the southwest executive dollars; collectors of the customs, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars :

> For compensation of a superintendent and eight watchmen of the southeast executive building, three thousand four hundred and For the contingent expenses of the said build-

ing, namely:

For labor, fuel, and light, seven thousand seven hundred dollars; For miscellaneous items, one thousand seven hundred dollars. WAR DEPARTMENT. For compensation of the Secretary of War,

and the clerks, messenger, and assistant mes- dollars. senger in his office, nineteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars; For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the clerks, messengers, and assistant messenger in his office, nineteen thousand four hundred dollars;

For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, and the clerks in his office, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars: For compensation of the clerk in the office of the Commanding General, one thousand dollars:

For compensation of clerks in the office of the Adjutant General, seven thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; For compensation of clerks and messenge in the office of the Quartermaster General, in-cluding corks that were attached to the pur-

chasing department, eleven thousand five hundred dollars; For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster General, nine thousand one hundred dollars, including two

additional clerks at a salary of one thousand dollars each; For compensation of clerks in the office of the Commissary General of Subsistence, three housand eight hundred dollars;

For compensation of clerks in the office of he Chief Engineer, five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; For compensation of the clerk in the office of the Surgeon General, one thousand dollars:

For compensation of clerks in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance, eight thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; For compensation of the clerk in the bureau of Topographical Engineers, one thousand Contingencies of the War Department, viz:

For the incidental and contingent expenses f said Department, and the various offices and bureaus connected therewith, viz: In the office of the Secretary of War:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, one thousand two hundred dol-

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.

In the offic of the Commissioner of Pensions For stationery, blank books, binding, printing blank forms and regulations, advertising. and fuel, eight hundred dollars ; For rent of houses occupied by the Pension Office, six hundred dollars; For miscellaneous items, one hundred dol

In the office of the Commanding General: For miscellaneous items, three hundred

In the office of the Adjutant General : For printing Army Register and Orders, blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand two hundred dollars; For miscellaneous items, two hundred dol

In the office of the Quartermaster General, including the office at Philadelphia:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor,
and printing, six hundred dollars; For miscellaneous items, eight hundred

dollars. In the office of the Paymaster General : For blank books, binding, stationery, an fuel, three hundred and twenty-five dollars; For miscellaneous items, four hundred dol

Subsistence: For blank books, binding, stationery, print-For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars;

For miscellaneous items, sixty-five dollars. in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance: For blank books, hinding, stationery, print ng, and fuel, five hundred and thirty dollars; For miscellaneous items, three hundred dol-

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dol

our watchmen of the northwest executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten For the contingent expenses of the said building, viz:

NAVY DEPARTMENT. For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, and the clerks, messenger, and assis-

ant messenger in his office, nineteen thousand

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks, and to the civil engineer, draughtsman, clerks, and messenger in his office, ten thousand tour hundred dol-For compensation of the chief of the Bureau

of Construction, Equipment, and Repair, and to the assistant constructor, clerks, and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand one hundred dollars: For salaries of the Chief Naval Constructor and Engineer-in-chief, six thousand dollars :

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography, and to the draughtsman, clerks and messenger in his of-fice, eight thousand four hundred dollars; For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, and to the clerks and messenger in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars;

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and to the clerks, assistant surgeon, and messenger in his office, six thousand six hundred dollars; For contingent expenses of said department, and all the bureaus connected therewith, viz:
For blank books, binding, stationery, print-

ing, and labor, four thousand one hundred and forty dollars; For miscellaneous items, one thousand six nundred and sixty dollars. For compensation of superintendent and

building, one thousand three hundred and for-

For the contingent expenses of the said and five hundred dollars; For labor, fuel, and light, one thousand six hundred and seventy-five dollars; For miscellaneous items, one thousand one undred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the Postmaster Gene ral, three assistant postmasters general, clerks, nessengers, assistant messengers, and watchmen of the said department, seventy-four thousand three hundred dollars; For compensation of superintendent of the Post Office building, two hundred and fifty lars;

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

For the contingent expenses of the said deartment, viz: For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel oil, printing, labor, and day watchmen, six housand one hundred and sixty dollars; For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars : Provided, That the proceeds of the telegraph between Washington city and Baltimore be, and the same are hereby, directed to be placed in the Treasury of the United States

for the benefit of the Post Office Department in the same manner as other revenue from pos-For compensation of the Auditor for the Post Office Department, clerks, messenger,

and assistant messengers in his office, eightyfive thousand seven hundred dollars. For contingent expenses of said office, viz: For labor, blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks and circulars, five thousand one hundred and sixty dollars;

For miscellaneous items, seven hundred SURVEYORS AND THEIR CLERKS. For compensation of the surveyor general

dollars: For compensation of the surveyor general in Arkansas, and the clerks in his office, four thousand three hundred dollars; For compensation of the surveyor general in Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four

thousand five hundred dollars; For compensation of the surveyor general in Mississippi, and the clerks in his office. four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars; For compensation of the surveyor general in Alabama, and the clerks in his office, tour

thousand dollars; For compensation of the surveyor general in Florida, and the clerks in his office, five

thousand five hundred dollars; For compensation of the surveyor in Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, three thousand one hundred dollars; For compensation of the clerks in the offices them according to the exigencies of the public paid for its execution, shall, in the opinion of service, and, if necessary, to be employed in the President of the United States, render it transcribing field notes of surveys, for the proper to make such payment; purpose of preserving them at the seat of Gov-

ernment, sixteen thousand dollars; For paying to the land offices at St. Augus-tine and Newnansville, in Florida, for issuing permits under the act of fourth August, eigheen hundred and forty-two, a per centage equal to that allowed by law upon the sale of the same quantity of public lands at the mini-mum price, five thousand dollars;

For compensation of the Secretary to sign patents for public lands, one thousand five undred dollars : For compensation of the Commissioner of Public Buildings in Washington city, two thousand dollars;

For compensation to four assistants, drawpairs of bridge, four thousand two hundred and ninety dollars. MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AND At Philadelphia, viz :

For sallaries of the director, treasurer, chief In the office of the Commissary General of send dollars; For incidental a

TERMS: \$2 50 in advance.

WHOLE NO. 113.

coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars : For wages of workmen, three thousa hundred dollars;

Wastage of gold, and for contingent expen-At Dahlonega, Georgia, viz: For salaries of the superintendent, assayer, coinier, and clerk, six thousand dollars;

undred dollars: For incidental and contingent expenses, in cluding fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, three thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand

At New Orleans, viz:

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, and two clerks, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars; For wages of workmen, nineteen thousand For incidental and contingent expenses, in

cluding fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, twenty-one thousand For machinery and machinists, four thousand five bundred dollars.
GOVERNMENTS IN THE TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Wisconsin Territory.
For salaries of governor, three judges, and scretary, nine thousand one hundred dollars; For contingent expenses of said Territory,

three hundred and fifty dollars;

three hundred and fifty dollars;

cers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental and contingent expenses thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars. Iowa Territory. For salaries of governor, three judges, and ecretary, nine thousand one hundred dollars; For contingent expenses of said territory

For compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly, pay of offi-

For compensation and mileage of the mem bers of the Legislative Assembly of said Territory, pay of officers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental and contingent expenses, including arrearages of expenses of previous sessions of said Assembly the accounts for which shall first be audited and allowed by the proper accounting officers of the Treasury, fourteen thousand and fifty JUDICIARY.

For salaries of the chief justice of the Sn reme Court, and the eight associate judges rty-one thousand dollars; For salaries of the district judges, fifty-six thousand seven hundred dollars; For salaries of the chief justice of the Dis trict of Columbia, the associate judges, the udges of the criminal and orphan's courts of said district, eleven thousand seven hun-

For salaries of the Attorney General, and

clerk and messenger in his office, five thous-

torney General, five hundred dollars; For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, thirteen hundred dol-For compensation of the district attorneys, including those in the several Territories, be-

by law, seven thousand dollars:

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred in the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty six, and previous years; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and for prosecutions for offences committed against the Uni-

dollars : For additional compensation, at eight hundred dollars each to the distirct judges of Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama, under the provisions of the first section of the act of seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty four, four thousand

MISCELLANEOUS. For payment of annuities and grants by pecial acts of Congress, seven hundred and fifty dollars; For salaries of two keepers of the publi

session for the same object, two thousand eight hundred dollars; For expenses in relation to loans, four thousand dollars; For compensation and contingent expenses of the auxiliary guard, six thousand seven

For survey of the coast of the United States including compensation to the superintendent and assistants, one hundred and eleven thousand dollars;
For completing the custom-house at Wilmington, North Carolina, five thousand one hundred dollars;

hundred and seventy-five dollars;

bors, rivers, &c., four thousand nine hundred For completing the work of the custo house at Boston, fifty thousand dollars;
For payment to Horatio Greenough for a group of statues to adorn the eastern portico of the Capitol, eight thousand dollars: Provided, The work is in such state of proof the surveyors general, to be apportioned to gress as, in reference to the whole sum to be

> To supply deficiencies in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, twentyfive thousand dollars; For repairs of that part of the costomat Mobile occupied by the United States court

> For the building or purchasing of a revenue-cutter, twelve thousand dollars;
> For the sixth volume of the fourth series of the Documentary History of the United States, twenty-five thousand four hundred and forty-

upon wines imported from Portugal into the United States by John Osborn, of the city of New York, the sum of one thousand seven hundred and eighteen dollars and forty-two keeper at the Potomac bridge, including oil hundred and eighteen dollars and forty-two for lamps and machinery, fire-wood, and recents; and by Isaac Winslow and Son, of Boston, the sum of one thousand and nineteer Boston, the sum or one thousand and antispection dollars and fifty-four cents; and by Alexander Soltan, of New York, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-five dollars and ninety-six cents; which said duties were levied and collected contrary to the treaty stipulations existing. coiner, melter and refiner, engraver, assayer, assistant assayer, and four clerks, nineteen thousand two hundred dollars;

For wages of workmen twenty-four thousand collars;

For wages of workmen twenty-four thousand collars;

For payn

stakes, manure, and straw for gr

attendance at the western gates of the Copi-tol, repairs of public stables, flagging, and en-closure, keeping in order iron pipes that con-vey the water to the Capitol and public offices, and gardener's salary, nine thousand nine hundred and fourteen dollars;

For constructing seven formaces for warming and drying the lower story, halle, and passages of the north wing of the Capitol, three thousand nine hundred and ten dollars; For constructing six water closets for the Senate and two for the Supreme Court, on the same floors, respectively, three thousand four hundred and sixty-eight dollars;

For enlarging the law library, constructing a new stairway, and other work and the meterials therefor, according to the plan of John Skirving, dated July twentieth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, two thousand four hundred and twelve dollars:

and twelve dollars; To replace the oil intended for the use of the Government, which was destroyed by the

For annual repairs of President's House, gardener's salary, laborers and cartage, tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, stakes, manure, and straw for garden and plants, trees for Presidential Control of the control of ident's grounds, Fountain square, Lafayette square, and Pennsylvania avenue, repairs of fence at Fountain square, Lafayette square, and President's garden, three thousand two

For replacing platforms on the dome, and repairing balusters, (including materials and work,) repairing hatchway, door and frame, (including steps and plastering in dome,) furnishing and repairing step-ladders and platforms on the different roofs, furnishing two double window frames and sash (including painting and glazing) in ones courte white painting and glazing) in open courts, whitewashing walls in the open courts, containing about twenty-five hundred square yards, four hundred and ninety dollars and seventy-five

hundred dollars :

For repairs of the road leading from the Capitol square to the Congressional burial ground, rendered necessary by the late heavy rains, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, one thousand five hundred dollars;
And the sum of two hundred dollars, being portion of the unexpended balance of an ap-

surplus fund, be, and the same is hereby reappropriated, for the benefit of such of the cap ing two hundred dollars each, as prescribed For compensation of the marshals, including those in the several Territories, as pres-

> and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents; To pay the legal representatives of Thomas H. Storm, for a balance due to him as agent for prisoners at Barbadoes, two thousand two hundred and seventy-four dollars and twenty-

teen hundred dollars per annum, four hundred

For the support and maintenance of the pen-itentiary of the District of Columbia, eleven

of the Exploring Expedition, including the printing of charts, the pay of the ecientific corps, and the salary of the horticulturist, thiry thousand dollars; For paying the principal and interest of the fourth and fifth instalments of the Mexican indemnities due in April and July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-four, the sum of

at five per cent., payable in five years;
For refunding to James Buchanan, late bor
Britanic Majesty's council at the city of New York, moneys disbursed by him, and for compensating him for services performed in spect to the slaver Catharine, condemned and sold at the suit of the United States, the sum

and eighty-eight dollars. PATENT OFFICE.

For supplying light-houses, containing two thousand five hundred and seventy-seven lamps, with oil, tube glasses, buff-skine, whiting, and cotton cloth, expenses of transportation, and for keeping the lighting apparatus in repair, one hundred and twelve thousand sight where delies sand eight hundred and eighty-three della and sixty-four cents; For repairs, incidental expenses, refitting, and improvements of light houses and build-

keepers and sixteen assistant keepers of light houses, (seventeen of them charged with double and two with tripple lights,) one handred thousand five hundred and eighty-eigh dollars and thirty-three cents;

For weighing, mooring, cleansing, in ing, and supplying the loss of beacons, by chains, and sinkers, twenty-six thousand hundred and thirty-one dollars and sixty-

recent fire at Nantucket, fourteen thousand

hundred and seventy-seven dollars.

And for the removal of the building over the statue of Washington, and erecting an iron fence around the same, one thousand dol-For repairs of Congressional burial ground. endered necessary by the late treshet, five

propriation of one hundred thousand dollars,

made on the twenty-seventh of April, eighteen

hundred and sixteen, to be distributed among the captors of certain Algerine vessels which

were restored to the Dey of Algiers, which

tors as have not yet received their shares of the said fund, or their representatives;
To pay F. Gardner, late acting United States naval store-keeper to the African squadrond, from the twenty-fourth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-four, when Floye Waggaman ceased to receive a salary, until December ninth, eighteen hundred and forty-four, when Francis Alexander proceeded to the post, three months and fifteen days, at hf-

six cents;

thousand six hundred and eleven dollars and forty-six cents;
For support, clothing, and medical treatment of insane persons of the district of Co-lumbia, including four additional incane paupers ordered by the court to be sent to the hospital, five thousand seven hundred and seven y dollars and forty-five cents.

For continuing the publication of the works

northwest of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars;
For compensation of the surveyor general in Illinois and Missouri, and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty thousand three hundred and fifteen, payably through the shall relinquish to the United States his right to said instalments: Provided further, That and two hundred and two hundred and the hundred and two hundred and the hundred and fifteen in addition to one thousand clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and two hundred and three hundred and torty-lour, the sum of three hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand three hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and twenty thousand three hundred and fifteen, payably through the hundred and twenty thousand three hundred and twenty thousand three hundred and twenty thousand three hun office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty and two hundred dollars appropriated this each of the claimants shall agree to take in dollars:

> of two thousand one hundred and forty-four dollars and seventy-five cents; For reducing and preparing for publication, under a resolution of the Senate, plans and drawings, made by the officers of the Topographical Bureau, for the improvement of harmonic property of the control of the contr

> For the purchase of such scientific works as are necessary for the use of the Patent Ofpaid for out of the patent fund.

ings connected therewith, sixty-seven tho

For salaries of thirty keepers of foating lights, sixteen thousand dollars; For seamen's wages, repairs, and supplier of thirty floating-lights, eighty-one thousand seven hundred and eleven dollars and sixty-

light-house, Maine, eleven thousand dollars;
For the maintenance of the light on the Delaware break-water, including four hundred out of any money in the Treasury not otherdollars for the salary of keeper, eight hundred wise appropriated, not exceeding one thou

For expenses incurred by superintendents

and a half per centum, ten thousand thirtyeight dollars and seventy-seven cents. Surveys of Public Lands. For salary of an assistant surveyor, to sur-

vey private claims in Florida, under the direction and supervision of the surveyor general in Florida, one thousand dollars; For salary of an assistant surveyor, to have

charge and oversight of the resurveys in the Greensburg (late St. Helena) district, Louisiana, under the direction and supervision of the surveyor general of Louisiana, one thou-

For pay of chain carriers, markers, transportation, provisions, &c., one thousand five For surveying the public lands, to be apportioned to the several districts according to the officers and seamen, including the engineer

exigencies of the public service, one hundred and ten thousand dollars; For surveying the copper region of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, with reference to nines and minerals, thirty thousand dollars; For the correction of erroneous and defec-

tive surveys west of Saganaw bay, in Michigan, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, five thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars;
For detached surveys in Missouri, at a rate not exceeding five dollars per mile, on account

of difficulties in surveying lakes, swamps, &c. four thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; For the survey of towns and villages in Missouri, named in the act of twenty-sixth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, including office work, in addition to the balance of the appropriation of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, for that object, two thousand dollars;

For surveying that part of Arkansas where. in consequence of local attraction, the ordinary compass cannot be used, at a rate not exceeding eight dollars per mile, four thousand eight hundred dollars; For surveys at augmented rates, in Louisi-

ana, three thousand seven hundred and four dollars; For surveys in the Greensburg district,

Louisiana, now in the course of execution, in addition to former appropriations, twenty thousand four hundred dollars; For retracing old lines in the district west

of Pearl river, to supply deficiencies now existing in those surveys, at five dollars and seven dollars per mile, in addition to balance of appropriations for same object, of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, eighteen thousand one hundred and thirteen Intercourse with Foreign Nations.

For salaries of ministers to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Mexico, and Brazil, sixty-three thousand dollars; For salaries of secretaries of legation to the

same places, fourteen thousand dollars; For outfit of a minister to Great Britain. nine thousand dollars; For salaries of charges des affairs to Portu-

gal, Austria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Chili, Peru, New Grenada, Venezuela, Naples, Sardinia, and Buenos Ayres, fiftyeight thousand five hundred dollars; For salary of a minister resident to Turkey. six thousand dollars;

Turkey, two thousand five hundred dollars: For the salary of a commissioner to reside in China, five thousand dollars: Provided, No part of this sum shall be paid unless the said commissioner actually resides in China: For the salary of a secretary and a Chinese interpreter, two thousand five hundred dol-

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, thirty thousand dollars;

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand dollars; For salary of the consul at London, two thousand dollars; For clerk hire, office rent, and other expen-

ses of the office of the consul at London, two thousand eight hundred dollars: For compensation of commissioner to Sandwich Islands, three thousand dollars;

For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, fifteen hundred dollars; For pay in full to Benjamin E. Greene for services while employed in Mexico, as charge d'affaires, three thousand dollars;

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, seventy-five thou-

For carrying into effect the acts for the suppression of the slave trade, including the support of recaptured Africans, and their removal to their country, twenty-five thousand dol-

For completing the maps, specifications and dary between the United States and the Britsh provinces, heretofore run and established, or run and marked by the joint commissioners, under the treaty of Washington, twenty thousand dollars, and for transmitting to the repective States, whose boundaries are effected nereby, authentic copies thereof.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That in may be appointed in the mode now prescribed by law, one additional assistant appraiser at hundred dollars per annum. said port, at a salary, as heretofore establish ed, of fifteen hundred dollars per annum, to otherwise appropriated: Provided, Said salary fect, prior to the thirtieth November next, and in appraising all goods at any port of the U-States, heretofore subjected to specific duties, but upon which ad valorem duties are imposed by the act of the thirtieth of July last. entitled "An act reducing the duty on imports had to values and invoices of similar goods thousand one hundred and eighty dollars. imported during the last fiscal year, under such general and uniform regulations for the

prevention of fraud or undervaluation as shall

e prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasu-

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That is shall be lawful for the respective heads of departments to continue in service during the current fiscal year the officers and persons, and at the salaries and compensations authorized in the act approved twenty-sixth of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two. entitled " An act legalizing and making appro priations for such necessary objects as have been usually included in the general appropriation bills without authority of law, and to fix and provide for certain incidental expenses of the departments and officers of the Govern ment, and for other purposes," and also the clerks authorized to be employed in the office of the First Comptroller of the Treasury by the act of June seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, entitled "An act making appropriations for the civil and diomatic expenses of the Government for the iscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and for other purposes:" and also the clerk in the of-Second Auditor, authorized by the

same act : Provided, That nothing in this secbe construed to authorize the employment of any clerks in the statistical branch of the Treasury Department.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Michigan and Wisconsin as lies between the source of Brule river and the source of Montreal river, as defined by the "act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a constitution and State go ernment, and for the admission of such State into the Union;" and

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the in visiting their light-houses annually, and examining and reporting the condition of each, two thousand dollars;

For superintendent's commissions, at two and a half ner century to thousand their conditions of the government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and a half ner century. and forty-six, and for other purposes," passed third March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. Approved, August 10, 1846.

> CHAP. 176.-AN ACT Making appropriations for the Naval service for the year ending on the thirtieth June eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

[Sec. 1.] Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amerita in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated for the naval service, for the year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven:
For pay of commission, warrant, and petty

corps of the navy, three million five hundred and seventy-one thousand seven hundred and thirty-five dollars. Passed midshipmen performing the duties

of master, under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy, to receive the compensation allowed to such higher grade, while actually fo employed.

For provisions, including transportation, coop erage, and other expenses, eight hundred and sixty-nine thousand seven hundred and twenty-two dollars ;

For surgeons' necessaries, and appliances for the sick and hurt of the naval service, including the marine corps, twenty-one thousand and seventy-two dollars;
For the increase, repair, armament, and e-

uipment of the navy, and wear and tear of ressels in commission, including coal for teamers, and hemp, one million fifty thousand dollars; and the President is hereby authorized to construct, by contract, any vessel or steamer for the public service, when in his opinion the same can be done with equal efficiency and on terms more economical than in the present navy yards.

For ordinance and ordinance stores, including all incidental expenses, three hundred and seventy-one thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars;

For books, maps, charts, and instruments. binding and repairing the same, and all the expenses of the hydographical office, thirtyfive thousand nine hundred dollars;

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz: For freight and transportation; printing and stationery; books, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines, and for machinery; repair of steam-engines in yards; purchase and maintenance of horses and oxen; carts, timberwheels, and workmen's tools; postage of letters on public service; coal and other fuel, and oil and candles for navy yards and shore stations; incidental labor, not chargeable to any other appropriation; labor attending the delivery of public stores and supplies on foreign stations; wharfage, dockage, storage, and rent; travelling expenses of officers; funeral expenses; commissions, clerk hire, store-rent, officerent, stationery, and fuel to navy agents and storekeepers; premiums, and incidental expenses of recruiting; apprehending deserters; per diem allowance to persons attending courts martial and courts of inquiry, or other services lars; authorized by law; compensation to judge ad- For repairs of hospital quarters, three thou-For salary of a dragoman to the legation to vocates; pilotage and towing vessels, and ashundred and fifty thousand dollars:

For contingent expenses for objects hereinbefore enumerated, five thousand dol-

For the support of the civil establishment at the several navy yards, the officers and others to be paid the annual compensation that was allowed to them severally in the act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, except as hereinafter At Kittery, Maine.

For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, nspector of timber, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, clerk to the naval constructor, and porter, sev en thousand six hundred and fifty dollars. At Charlestown, Massachusetts.

For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, three lerks to the storekeeper, clerk to naval contructor, keeper of magaziue, and porter, eeven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars. For repairs of the sheer wharf, Charlesown navy yard, twelve thousand dollars. At Brooklyn, New York.

For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, neasurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, keeper of the magazine, and porter, astronomical computations of the line of boun- eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dol-

For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, peasurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the vard, clerk to the commandant, clerk to the torekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, and addition to the assistant appraisers, authori- to the yard and clerk to the commandant are vy, on the conclusion of the existing war with zed by law at the port of New York, there performed by the same person, he shall not receive a greater compensation than twelve At Washington

For pay of storekeeper, measurer and inbe paid out of any money in the Treasury not spector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks shall not commence, or appointment take ef- er of the magazine, and porter, six thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

At Gosport, Virginia. For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the the money appropriated in this act for "pay vard, two clerks to commandant, three clerks of the navy," and "contingent expenses enuto the storekeeper, clerk to the naval constructor, keeper of the magazine and porter, eleven eight thousand and two hundred dollars may At Pensacola.

For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, two clerks to the storekeeper, and porter, eight thousand and fifty dollars. At Memphis, Tennessee.

For pay of storekeeper, clerk to the yard clerk to the commandant, and porter, three thousand three hundred dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby authorized, when in his opinion the public interest will permit it, to discontinue any of the civil offices and employments herein provided for at the navy yards, or to discharge the keepers of magazines and require their duty to be performed by gunners. For improvements and necessary repairs of

At Kittery, Maine. For wall for landing wharf at smithery, and filling in, one thousand seven hundred and five dollars and fifty cents:

For cistern, near mast and boat house, two thousand dollars; For granite gun skids, and road to grave vard, one thousand one hundred and thirty-

For repairs of all kinds, four thousand dol

For drain and iron frame for dry-doc oumps, and set of keel blocks, two the seven hundred and forty dollars; For pipes for drain and rain water and waste

ten dollars;
Towards repairing and replanking bridge,
hree thousand dollars;

Towards building a foundation under frigate Sabine, six thousand dollars; Towards the construction of a timber shed. twelve thousand dollars;

Towards repairs of all kinds, eight thousand For dry dock, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. At Philadelphia.

For extension of and moving ship-house G, five thousand dollars; For repairs of all kinds, three thousand dol

At Washington

For anchor forges, (five,) and removing small forge in anchor shop, two thousand six hundred and sixty-four dollars: For chain cable forges, (twelve,) in hydraulie proving machine shop, two thousand eight hundred and ninety dollars; For completion of laboratory buildings, five

thousand one hundred and six dollars and fifteen cents: For repairs of all kinds, two thousand five

hundred dollars. At Gosport. Towards storehouse No. 13, to be used timber shed, eighteen thousand dollars; Towards launching slip and quay walls

weive thousand dollars;
For the purchase of St. Helena, two thousand four hundred and three dollars and fifty seven: Towards repairs of all kinds, seven thou-

sand dollars. At Pensacola Towards the blacksmith shop, twenty-one

twelve thousand dollars;

housand dollars; Towards cisterns at numbers 20, 25, and 26. twelve thousand dollars: Towards coal-house, eight thousand dollars Towards lime-house, two thousand five hun-

dred dollars; Towards wharfs, (permanent,) fifty-nine thousand dollars; Towards dredging machine, scows, &c. sixeen thousand dollars; For repairs of all kinds, five thousand dol-

At Sackett's Harbor.

eral navy hospitals, viz:

For repairs of all kinds, one thousand dol For purchase of Navy Point and Fort Tomp kins, two thousand five hundred dollars; For the improvement and repairs of the sev-

At Chelsen Building for a coal-house, repairing outhouses and wall in rear of main building, two thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

At Brooklyn. For completing small-pox hospital, ter thousand dollars : For repairs to hospital quarters, three thousand dollars

Near Gosport. For fence around garden and repairs to hospital buildings, two thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars. At Pensacola

For centre building at hospital and galleries to connect buildings, seven thousand four hundred and nine dollars and fifty cents; For engine house, five hundred and ten dol-

sand dollars. azines, viz: At Charlestown, one hundred and fifty dol-

At Brooklyn, two hundred dollars; At Washington, one hundred and fifty dol-

At Gosport, three hundred dollars. Marine Corps.

For pay of officers, non-commissioned offiers, musicians, privates, and servants, serving on shore, and subsistence of officers, two hundred thousand seven hundred and seventy-one dollars: Provided, That no payment shall hereafter be made to the co'onel, or any other officer of said corps, by virtue of a commission of brigadier general by brevet;

For clothing, forty-six thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; December. The Judge, however, upon the -For provisions, forty-five thousand seventy lollars and twenty cents; For military stores, repair of arms, pay of

armorers, accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, two thousand three hundred dollars;

For transportation of officers and troops, and for expenses of recruiting, eight thousan dollars;

For repair of barracks and rent of temporary barracks, six thousand dollars;

For contingencies, viz: freight, ferriage, toll, wharfage and cartage; compensation to judge advocates; per diem for attending courts martial and courts of inquiry : per diem to enlisted men on constant labor; house rent where no public quarters are assigned; the burial of and oil; straw, barrack furniture, bed sacks; spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenter's tools, and keeping a horse for the messenger, seven-

teen thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars. Mexico, to reduce the number of petty officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, and boys, herein provided for, to seven thousand five

nundred SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That it to commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, keep- vy, in the expenditure of the appropriations made for the navy yard at Memphis, to confine the same to the construction of a rope-

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That of merated," an amount not exceeding twenty be expended, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, for repairs, improvements, and instruction at Fort Severn, Annapolis, Maryland.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That upon application of the Secretary of the Navy the President of the United States shall have authority, when in his opinion the exigencies of the service require it, to direct that a part of the money appropriated for a particular branch of the naval service be applied to another branch of the said service; in which case, a special account of the moneys thus transferred, and of their application, shall be laid before Congress before its adjournment, if in session, or during the first week of the pext ensuing session, if such transfer be made in the recess of Congress: Provided, that nothng contained in this act shall be construed to direct any sum appropriated for improvements at navy yards to be applied to any other object of public expenditure, or to authorize any sum to be transferred from any unexpended balance which may be necessary for the purpose for which the appropriation was originally made or from any head or object of appropriation which may require another appropriation at any future time to supply the deficiency occasioned by such transfer: *Provided*, also, That this section shall apply to the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and forty six, and to

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, the direction of the President, be, and hereby is, required to cause to be surveyed, marked, and designated, so much of the line between and designated, so much of the line between the direction of the line between the line bet

the amount contained in the proposal so guar-antied and the amount for which he may have contracted for furnishing the said supplies, for the whole period of the proposal, to be charged up against said bidder or bidders, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United States, for the use of the Navy Department, in an action of debt against either or all of said persons.

CHAP. 177.-AN ACT

and three hundred and thirty-five dollars and forty cents. To pay the pensions of widows of officers seamen, and marines, twelve thousand dol-

Approved, August 10, 1846.

Messrs. Mason & Tuttle, 38 William street, Merchants' Exchange, New York, are our au-

ness men of all professions and all political creeds-WHO WANT CUSTOMERS. The annual meeting of the Stockholders the Company, it is understood, is not a candidate for re-election, and some other gentleman

The Legislature will meet next Monday SUPERIOR COURT.

Thomas Broughton, whose trial we mentioned last week as being under investigation before the Court, was found guilty of the murder of De Silva, and Broughton was sentenced by Judge SETTLE, to be hung on the 11th of application of prisoner's counsel for a new trial, after having refused to allow it, granted an appeal to the Supreme Court, which of course suspends the sentence pronounced by the Judge. Counsel for the State,-Judge Strange, assisted by Dan'l B. Baker, Esq.-Counsel for the Prisoner, Messrs. Wm. A.

deceased marines; printing, stationery, forage, has taken, that judgment would certainly be in postages, and the pursuit of deserters; candles favor of the painter. We saw there, portraits SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it feel, when we say they are the best pictures shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Na- we ever gazed upon. Our readers may think we wish to flatter the painter, but we such is not the case. What we say is the doing justice to a native Artist. We examinshall be the duty of the Secretary of the Na- ed the recommendations of persons where he has been, and of persons whom he has painted who wish to hand down their Portraits to posupon Mr. ATWOOD. See his advertisement on

MEXICO. The news from Mexico, received by the arrival of the Galveston at New Orleans, may be considered of an interesting, though not exciting, nature. The Mexicans seem to have abandoned all idea of making a stand at Saltil-

lo. The report is, that Santa Anna sent Am-

to San Luis Potosi, previous to the battle of Monterey. The order did not, however, reach Ampudia until after the evacuation of that city. The whole army is now said to have retreated to San Luis Potosi, where it is understood Santa Anna has concentrated his forces authorize the President of the United States to This city, we see it stated, is about 300 miles distant from Saltillo. It is supposed General

ork Jeffersonian says :-Taylor will proceed on to Saltillo, fortify the city, and then march for Tampico and join Gen. Wool. But we would refer our readers to the news in this papers Daniel O'Rafferty, was tried before the Superior Court of Craven county last week,

on the charge of kidnapping a slave, the proprisoner was found guilty, but the jury recomly in this State but in others, will turn out to
Anna had left the
be nothing more nor less than one of those posel moved for a new trial, which was refused
litical thunder gusts so necessary occasionally terly unsuccessful prisoner was found guilty, but the jury recomon the 4th De

nto an obligation within the time pres-by the Secretary of the Navy, with good fficient sureties for furnishing the sup-hen the Secretary of the Navy shall enter into an obligation within the time prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for furnishing the said supplies; and shall forthwith cause the difference between er unanimity can be by that course obtained, the advantages of which are fully appreciated, they now make the offer to desso, pledging themselves to abandon the measure if in the ninority, provided those opposed will accede to the arrangement, and agree, if in the minority, to withdraw their opposition. They further agree to abandon the scheme, provided the opposition will pledge themselves individally, to subscribe one third as much to the stock of the proposed Road as will be subscri-

NEW YORK ELECTION.

3d inst. The Federalists seem to have been non the manner in which they have succeedour cause—the principles for which the Republican party have ever contended have not ever been pursued by the friends of equal honesty of its purpose, we are always willing for error to have its sway, knowing full well that it can last but a short time. Not so, however, with Federalism. Ever anxious to take advantage of the excitement of the moment, the Federalists invariably use every stratagem to achieve a triumph. This has been the case in the State of New York. We have been beaten in this State by the coalition of every estige of parties against us, from Abolitionsm down to Nativeism. Abolitionists, Natives, Old Hunkers, Barn-Burners, and Anti-Renters, combined with their ally-the Fedecirculation in the counties which trade to this place is ral party—have succeeded in electing the THREE TIMES as large as that of any other paper publish. Federal "Whig" candidate for Governor, and also in returning a majority of Federalists to Congress and the State Legislature. These are natters of serious consideration for the Southerner. The attempt has often been made at the North to merge the Abolition party into that of the Whigs. It has at last succeeded, and we advise our Southern readers to take warning, lest the consequences which are likely to result from this coalition, may cause us some trouble yet. We do not wish to be -treason against the Union-has been formed, may we not well warn our friends of the

consequences that may result from it.
Young's majority for Governor rises 10,000 Silas Wright's majority in the city is upwards of 5,000. We make the following extracts from our New York exchanges :-

THE RESULT OF THE ELECTION. The city of New York acquitted herself well in yesterday's election. The largely increased majority for Silas Wright shows how highly his worth and ability are estimated where there are no local influences or interests, which an expert politician can make use to prejudice the public mind. In this city there is nothing to prevent the people from forming an impar sult has been to give him a majority greatly beyond what he received here at the last election. This testimony to his merit would have been still more emphatic and flattering had it not been for the extremely injudicious nominations which were placed upon the demoselves from the polls by hundreds, out of a feeling of disgust at the impudent attempt to so dismantled Saltillo, destroying whatever thrust upon them candidates who were notoriously unfit and incapable. The democratic vote given this year falls several thousands short of that given in 1844, when their majority in this city was much less than it is now. If it had not been that Mr. Wright's popularity was loaded with this heavy burden; if the nominations for Congress and for the State Legislature in this city, had been worthy of the nominations given us by the Syracuse convention, the democratic majority in this city would have been prodigious. Public opinion here was ready to declare itself for Wright with a unanimity which is scarcely ever witnessed, and his majority in this county would have saved us from the defeat which many now regard as probable, and which the telegraphic reports received this morning give us

oo much reason to fear. The vote in all the counties of Long Island for Mr. Wright is also a strong one. The result in Albany county and other parts of the State in which the anti-rent party are numerous, is undoubtedly to be ascribed to the success of the efforts made by the whigs to leaving behind them a far more formidable inflame the prejudices of that party against Gov. Wright. There was no parsimony in terity, for a fac-simile of the original, to call the expenditure of money to accomplish that end. The friends of a protective tariff contributed liberally; and we hear of a great secret organization, of which many of the patrons live in Boston, contributing silently but munificently to change the majority in the State of New York, and make, if possible, a conquest of the State to the whig party. In oth r counties, Oneida for example, where we ought to have had a majority, the dissensions of the democratic party gave the agents of the whigs an opportunity, by superior activity and the liberal use of the funds placed at their dispudia orders to evacuate all of the country up cretion, to turn the tables against us. It is remarkable, however, that although the hat was fought by these men for the protect system, it was not fought in its name. the whig party had not the courage to do.— They did not venture to rest the election pon

the decision of that question by the peop In commenting upon the result, the New

umph will be of short duration; for notwith-standing the temporary trouble and jarring in

true democrat des

This seems to be a great year for sweet po

Standard, which states that a potato has been presented to the Editor which resembles the human form—it has, in resemblance, the head, the coffers of the treasury there is not even earms, body, and legs. The editor of the Tar- nough wherewith to pay the most necessary boro' Press says, he has had presented to him and urgent exigencies, and the credit of Gov. a potato weighing 111 lbs., and the editor of stock of the proposed Road as will be subscribed by the advocates of a subscription by the town and taxation, to pay for such subscription.

November 11th, 1846.

NEW YORK ELECTION

a potato weighing 11½ lbs., and the editor of the Carolinian says, in his last paper, that he has had several presents in the potato line.—
Well, we assure the readers of the "Journal" it were, undoubtedly the largest part will consist in Government paper, which is very difficult to realize at this moment. too, have had presented to us one of the deli-The election in this State took place on the cious roots. It was sent to us for a slip-our agricultural readers all know what a slip, in quite fortunate of late; but when we reflect the potato line, means-not a slip of the tongue -it was raised in the County of Duplin, by ed in the various State elections during this Mr. Jas. R. Hurst, a young Democratic bachfall, we have the consolation of knowing that elor; his first-crop, is from the sprout or drawing; has been out of the ground three weeks, measures 22 by 30 inches in circumference, been in any degree bartered away for the sake and weighs 94 pounds. It is a monster, and of temporary gain. A more noble course has our Devil has given to it the appellation of "Old Rough and Ready." We suppose he rights. If Democracy cannot stand by the thought the name appropriate, from the huge size of the root-as it would answer an admirable purpose to feed a whole "mess" of vol-

unteers in the Mexican war. MEXICAN NEWS.

From the N. O. Delta, Nov. 1. Santa Anna still in Mexico.-Large contra butions for the support of the Army.

By the brig P. Soule, from Havana, we have received our files of Mexican papers.— The dates from the capital are to the 26th

We find nothing in the latter numbers a bout the departure of Santa Anna towards Monterey. So far from that, he was still in the capital, mustering his forces for the contemplated expedition.

Senor Harory Tamariz had been appointed Minister of Finance in place of Senor Gomez

The Diario del Gobierno says that all the rich people of Mexico would do well in following Santa Anna's expedition-contributing liberally towards the support of the war-or else the mob would go where they knew the money was and take it to the soldiers who defended the country. Then it adds, that the clergy had consente

to mortgage their property for \$2,000,000 that the merchants and wealthy citizens of Mexico would deliver to the Government, or the 25th September, \$500,000 for the purpose of the war; that the same amount would be delivered on the 5th October, and equal sums Senor Gomez de la Cortina had made him-

their country to be ruined by its enemies. From the N. O. Com. Times, 2d Inst. LATER FROM THE ARMY. ARRIVAL OF THE GALVESTON. The steamship Galveston arrived vesterday evening from Brazos Santiago via Galveston having left the former place on the 29th

as to premium or time of re-imbu

he latter on the 30th ult We have not received any correspondence from Monterey, (the mail not being distributed vesterday) of a later date than we publishd on the arrival of the Palmetto, last Thursay, but the Galveston News of the 30th furishes some intelligence, which we subjoin. " From Col. Davis, we learn that the Mexian have totally evacuated the whole country his side of San Luis Potosi. The information has been derived from so many sources that there is now no doubt of this fact. They left behind some forty dragoons to destroy the fortifications that had been constructed at Los Muertos, a naturally strong and difficult pass on the road to Saltillo, and about five or six

might be of use to our army, and which they ould not take away. "Thus there is now nothing left for General Taylor to conquer, but a barren region of ugged mountains and thirsty plains, aff neither water nor provisions for the subsistance of man or beast, over a distance of two or three hundred miles to San Luis Potosi .-If, as has been said, Gen. Taylor has orders to march upon San Luis Potosi, so as to reach tion arises how he is to traverse such a country, as he will have to do, by a forced march at the rate of fifteen or twenty miles per day The only water on this route is in the Mexican tanks, which will doubtless be all broken

up as the enemy retires. To carry water sufficient to save his army quire more horses, mules and oxen, than are now in the army, all of which are required for munitions. In making this retreat, the enemy have doubtless adopted a wise policy. emy for General Taylor to encounter (viz: this march) than he could ever find in their own arms and fortified towns.

This policy has unquestionally been dictated by the sagacity of Santa Anna. It is stated, on good authority, that he has sent orders to Ampudia to evacuate Monterey, and all other places this side of the mountains, but that those orders were not received till after After leaving the troops necessary to garri-

son Monterey, Saltillo and other towns, Gen. Taylor will only have an army of about 5000 men, with which to penetrate into the heart of the enemy's country, and far beyond the reach of any reserve upon which he might fall back for support in case of necessity. Such, we believe, is a correct account of the present position and prospect of our army, as derived from good authority. Gen. Ampudia has been superseded in command, but the name of his A correspondence had taken place between

Gen. Taylor and Gov. Morales, of Nueva Lethat he would preserve order if possible.

A Mexican merchant, surived on the 23d October, says that no preparations are making at the Pass of the Rinconada, and that Saltillo will not be defended. This news we

importance from Mexico by way of Havana, but have been admitted to take an extract from a commercial letter of a late date. It is from

Dear Sire :- There is very little news worth reporting. The present government is trying to render itself popular by a series of rather liberal measures, and appears willing to recommence the campaign more rigorously.— Gen. Santa Anna is about to leave Mexico in order to assume the generalship-in-chief of the troops concentrated in San Luis Potosi;

Naval .- The U. S. Store Ship Relief, Oscar Bullus Lt. Com'dg., 19 days from Vera Cruz, arrived here last evening. She brings no news. Passengers, Capt. Fitzhugh, relieved of the command of the Steam Frigate Mississippi by Commodore M. C. Perry, the remainder of the officers of the ill-fated Brig Truxton and a number of officers on their way north to attend the Naval Academy. The U. S. Frigate Potomac, Capt. Aulick.

the 25th, to join the blockading squadron.

The U. S. Steam Ship Princeton, Capt. Engle, sailed this morning.—Gazette.
We understand that Cotton was sold in this city ast week at nine cents per lb. And an-

other lot this week at 9 1-2.—Ibid.

A Board of Medical Officers of the Army & Navy will convene at the Naval Hospital, Pensacola, on the 2d of November next. consisting of the following named gentlemen:
Dr. Husle, Surgeon U. S. Navy, President.

Dr. Stinecke, Surgeon U. S. A. Dr. Abadie, Ass't. Surgeon, U. S. A.

stant, of the ship Alliance, from Liverpool, we have received (through the Charleston papers.) dates seven days later. We give such extracts as we think will be interesting to our

The aggregate amount of the Cobden testimonial is now £75,000, of which Manchester has contributed £28,000. The import duty on wheat is now 8s. per

ges of the weavers do not exceeds 7s per week.
LIVERPOOL, OCTOBER 10.

ptoe in expectation of the festivities attendan 6th, and the double nuptials were to be cele-

Ireland .- The destruction of the potato crop ame upon the government and the people by surprise. There was no available machinery for affording economical relief, & the absence of order and the fulness of means-for Government was the provider-gave to those who did not want, a decided interest in preferring a common claim. The necessities of the many removed all barriers of distinction, and the whole people are now eager to profit by the national ounty. They will do nothing for themselves, and the designing aggravate the distress of the really afflicted. The country must, in the confusion and total want of proper arrangement, make up its mind to a national and needless loss of millions, for either whole estates must be confiscated, or government must decline to press for re-payment of funds advan-

this vessel off have been abandoned for the proach the Great Britain. She is now farther sume you will communicate our situation to the underwriters of Liverpool and Glasgow. shall make the best of every thing until have further directions from my directors o one, keep the entire management in my own

ng paragraph in reference to this melancholy accident: "A friend has suggested that the compasses might have been affected by the rapid rotation of the propeller. Whether it be so or not, we know, from numerous experimuch deranged by the rapid rotation of bodies in their neighborhood, be they iron or be they not. It is, therefore, a subject worth investi-

has always been-those who give us the empire in the East are objects of misrepresenta-tion. Sir Charles Napier has not escaped slander, and it is creditable to Lord Ellenbrough that he has come forward to vindicate the character of this wonderful man.

The general monotony of domestic politics has not been disturbed this week by agricultural meetings. High prices at ent take the argument out of the mouths Protectionists, for they announce a logic which quarter is quite inconsistent with abuse of Sir Robert Peel; and so influential is this circum stance on the conservative mind that they now openly talk of having Sir Robert back again State of Trade. - We are glad to learn from

navy yards, viz:

Approved, August 10, 1846.

Making appropriations for the payment of Navy pensions for the year ending thirtieth June, one thousand eigh hundred and forty-

[Sec. 1.] Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of navy pensions for the year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty

To pay invalid pensions, thirty-two thous-

Friday, November 13, 1846.

horized agents, for this paper, in that city. WE mean to keep the following paragraph star ding for the benefit of all whom it may concern: ADVERTI-ING. -We would commend the following facts to the attention of the advertising community The "Wilmington Journal" circulates upwards of one THOUSAND COPIES weekly. Its circulation in the town of Wilmington is as large as that of any other paper published in the place. We would further state that its ed in North Carolina, and that its list is daily increasing. We say, therefore, without the fear of contradiction that it is the best vehicle for advertising which the peo ple of Wilmington can select. One other observation We think, that although a large majority of the readers of the "Journal" are Democrats, still THEY occasionally do a little trading, as well as the readers of the whig papers. We have written the above merely for the Infor mation of those who are most deeply interested-busi-

of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road understood as charging the Whigs of the South Company took place at the Masonic Hall in with Abolitionism, but we do say, and dare this town on yesterday. Our hotels are liter- them to deny the fact, that the political prinally crowded with stockholders of the Road. ciples of the Northern "Whigs" are the prin- would be paid every month. This augers well for the interest manifested ciples advocated by the Southern wing of the olina. Gov. Dudley, the present president of And now that a coalition so full of corruption will have to be selected. Particulars next

Wright, Thos. D. Meares and David Reid.

Mr. ATWOOD, Portrait Painter, from Philadelphia. Did we think ourself competent to pronounce judgment on the pictures that Mr. A. of persons whom we are familiarly acquainted with, and never in our whole life have we seen better fac-similes. We speak what we assure them, from our very heart, that dictates of our own conscience. We are only portraits, and it affords us profound pleasure to say they have none of them recommended him too high. We would advise those

"Let the whig party rejoice at this to them unexpected and accidental victory; their tri-

entitled to all respect:

VERA CRUZ, October 1, 1846. are quite lavish in returning thanks to their friends for presents made to them recently in the shape of monster potatoes. Amongst the various accounts we see, is one in the last

PENSACOLA, Oct. 31.

sailed from this port on the 23d inst., and the U. S. Ship Falmouth, Commander Jarvis, on

Dr. Steiner, do. do. do.
Dr. Terrill, Surgeon, U. S. Navy.
Dr. Spencer, do. do.—Ibid. FOREIGN NEWS. By the arrival at Charleston on the 7th in-

On Friday, the 4lb. loaf of wheaten bread was advanced throughout the metropolis, the cheap bread to 8d, and the best bread to 93d. The Glasgow Examiner states, that though trade is very brisk at Paisley, the average wa-

All Madrid is, no doubt, this morning, on on two royal marriages. The French Prince, The Expectador says, there are yet some in his progress through Spain has been received with encouraging demonstrations of respect and gladness, his journey being marked by a total absence of any appearance of ill-willthe fact demonstrating that either the Spanish people are indifferent or well pleased. The oyal bride-groom was to have arrived on the brated this day.

miles beyond the Rinconada. They have al-

The Great Britain .- All attempts to get present. The high tides of Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, were of no avail, the steam vesup on the strand. Capt. Hosken wrote on the 5th to Messrs. Cibbs, Bright & Co.—" I prethe underwriters: until then, I shall, as I have

ments made some years ago, that magnets a East and West Indies, South and North America. Events still invite us to assume the entire sovereignty of India; and it is now as it

the monthly circular of one of the first house in Liverpool, that "the general aspect of bucriptions of foreign produce more extensive rum. The demand for sugar has also been extensive with a slight sugar has also been extensive, with a slight im price of West Indian; and the demand tion of steadily increasing; and during the last me the clearances have been 1,247,134 lbs. again

mand experienced during the last fortnight reduce wages, or work short time. continued, and a slight advance was obtained on previous rates, but since the arrival of the American Packet it has materially fallen off, and prices receded to those of Friday last, at which the market closed steadily. 1,200 Egyptian were offered by auction to-day, of which 100 sold. Speculators have taken 19,600 American, 1,800 Egyptian, and 1,300 Surat, and exporters 1,770 American, 230 EgypThe family of the croakers are very numerous.

The family of the croakers are very numerous.

The family of the croakers are very numerous. tian, and 180 Para. To-day 8,000 to 10,000 bales were sold, at very full prices. Speculators have taken 2,000 Surats and 2,000 American. On Saturday the sales were very large, being not less than 12,000 bales, of which speculators have taken one-half. On Friday 5,000 bales were sold. 6th-The sales to-day are 5,000 bales.

IMPORTS. bags 1,051,626 To this date, 1846, Same time 1845, STOCKS. On this date, 1846, bags 641,800

Same date, 1845, bags 930,000 SALES. Total sales up to the 10th Oct., 1845. bags 1,715,690

Ditto to 2d Oct., 1846, bags 1,530,530 LIVERPOOL, OCTOBER 9.

Cotton, during the early part of the present week, was in steady and good demand, and the slight concession which was submitted to after the steamer's arrival on the 30th ultimo, was gradually recovered. Yesterday afternoon an active speculative demand sprung up, originated by the receipt of three days later advices from New York, per transient ship Marmion, representing that market to be advancing under the influence of continued unfavorable accounts from the Cotton growing districts. In consequence of the general tenor of these advices, holders have shown less disposition to sell, and prices close with an upward tendency. The total sales of the week amount to 52,800 bales. To-day the demand is brisk and general, and the sales are 10,000 bales, about half of which is on speculation. The authorized quotations of the "fair" qualities of American are advanced ad per lb., and a similar advance on the lower and middle qualities is established on last Friday's quotations. Egyptians continue in good demand and command an advance of id to id per lb., ed, and the great inquiry which has existed on last week's prices. Brazils are also in pretty good request at former rates. Surats The sales amount to 10,000 bags at private are also in much request, and they have advanced d per lb. 18,300 bales of American, 1,000 Egyptian, and 3,200 Surat have been and good white, 20s. for middling white; 18s. taken on speculation, and 1,530 of American, to 19s. for good fine. 500 Pernams, 300 Egyptian, 100 Maranhams, and 300 Surat for export.

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE-Important News .- The ship Gaston, Capt. Anthony, at New York, from Marseilles via Gibraltar, brings intelligence from the latter place to the 10th of October. The news is highly gle. Each man engaged in it was a hero, and important:

On the day the G. left Gibraltar, heavy

There was great excitement among the English residents at Gibraltar, and much bad feeling was expressed against the French. It was expected that a declaration of war would follow as soon as the marriage took place. The British squadron, which sailed on the 6th, was bound to Cadiz, to take on board the British Minister, who had left Madrid! It was currently reported that the French fleet was expected daily off Gibraltar.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER BRITANNIA. Nine days later from Europe.

This steamer arrived at Boston on last Satlater than the above. We make up the following items of intelligence from the N. York The Great Britain lies in 12 feet water be-

tween two rocks, and some hopes are entertained of getting her off by the aid of machinery, in the course of six weeks.

The marriage of the Queen of Spain and her sister have been consummated, without producing anything more serious than protests from England and one or two other European powers, against the alliance with France. which are intended to form the basis of future interventions, should occasion require.

The entente cordiale between France and England is at an end. Henceforth the two powers move independent of each other .quest of the Spanish Americans.

Ireland .- The state of Ireland continues to be distressing-alarming in the extreme. The famine spreads; disease, the attendant of scarcity, stalks abroad through all parts of the suffering peasantry, goaded on by despair, have shown symptoms of rebellion and outrage, hoping thereby to attain an effectual relief for all their wants and privations.

As was intimated in our last publication, the Government are active and energetic in efforts to devise ways and means to afford timely and substantial relief. The formation of a naval depot at Cork

seems settled Mr. O'Connell's proposal for a national convention in Dublin, appears to be well receiv-

A large and influential meeting has been lately held at the Royal Exchange, Dublin. It ance with a requisition numerously signed, and its object was to consider the propriety of nies, so as to enable them to give instant em-

ployment to the poor. Indian corn has advanced considerably, and is selling (best quality) at 48s. per quarter, being an advance of 2s. since 4th Oct.

Flour has also advanced, bonded flour being at 33s, per barrel, a rise of 1s. on the highest quotation per last steamer. Cotton has advanced full 3-8 of a penny

per lb., on an average. The Liverpool mar-

A rumor has been prevalent during the week. of all kinds of grain, duty free.

the European ports.

but spinners are very shy at taking former until the arrival of the Cambria on the 14th, rates, as in many instances 2½ to 4 per cent has been obtained. The Cotton goods market for general descriptions continues very flat, markets. Some descriptions that are wanted are not in stock, and cannot be made at the maintained ever since, and at which it closed

Several causes have combined to make the sanguine fray of Resaca de la Palma. money market less buoyant. Amongst them may be mentioned the rumor which prevails, that government intend to raise several millions by loan for the employmen of the starving Irish. The fact of a defaulter to a large amount having been named on the stock ex-change, has shaken confidence; and finally the accession of Santa Anna, who, it is stated, will repudiate the late arrangement between bags 1,430,353 the Mexican government and the British bondholders, has given to the foreign the same feeling of uneasiness which prevails in the home

> The sugar market is inactive, and some descriptions a reduction has been submitted to .-The stock has been considerably increased, and the abundance, combined with extraneous causes, has pulled down prices. In coffee, also, previous quotations have barely been realized. West India has receded to nearly the extent of 4s. per cwt. East India coffee adapted to the home market has also declined. Indeed, all kinds are purchased with caution.

LONDON, Oct. 18. Naval Stores .- Tar-The market having been more freely supplied, a slight reaction in prices has taken place, but at the present rate holders manifest firmness, 800 bbls. Archangel have been sold at 17s. 6d., which is 6d. cheaper. Quotations are now, Archangel 6s. 6d. Stockholm, 9s. 6d. per cwt.

Turpentine. - 2000 bbls. rough have lately arrived, 1000 of which has been sold at about As the meteor gleams through the shadows of 10s., and the remainder has been taken for Hull. Spirits are less in request, the late rise in the value caused the market to be more largely supplied. Some small parcels have been Which shall startle the ear of the slumbering sold at 56s., at which rates the drawers are now willing sellers.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19. Rice.-The demand has somewhat slackenfor some time, has greatly fallen off at present. and public sales, which brought the following rates, viz: 21s. per cwt. for fine bold grained

SERGEANT MILTON.

Thrilling description of Sergeant Milton's The flower of hope have been robb'd of share in May's charge at Resaca de la Palma, We listened with the deepest interest, on Saturday last, to Sergeant Milton's description And the voice of rejoicing breaks now on her of Gapt. May's charge upon the Mexican battery, and his own share in that glorious strugperhaps none of those who survived passed through a greater share of peril than the brave ring of cannon was heard, which, as the fog veteran in question. His modest, unassuming cleared away, was ascertained to be from the manner, and plain relation of facts, stamp | The mother deploreth the loss of her child! town of Algesiras, in honor of the royal mar- them with the seal of truth, and the wounds The tears of the sister flow fast o'er her cheek, riages, which took place on that day at Ma- on his person bear ample testimony to every And the grief of the father no language may word he utters.

" At Palo Alto," says he, "I took my rank in the troop as Second Sergeant, and while upon the field my horse was wounded in the jaw by a grape shot, which disabled him for service. While he was plunging in agony I lismounted, and the quick eye of Capt. May observed me as I alighted from my horse. He inquired if I was hurt. I answered no, that my horse was the sufferer. 'I am glad it is not yourself,' replied he; 'there is another,' pointing at the same time to a steed without a rider, which was standing with dilated eve gazing at the strife,) 'mount him.' I approach ed the horse, and he stood still until I put my hand upon the rein and patted his neck, when urday. She brings Liverpool dates nine days he rubbed his head alongside of me as if pleased that some human being was about to become his companion in the affray. He was a noble bay, which had, with a number of others, been purchased for the troop in St. Louis. I bestrode him, and we passed through the first day unharmed.

On the second day, at Resaca de la Palma. ery, in the course of six weeks.

The repeal of the malt tax is agitated. A nal to be given; and never had I looked upon public meeting to promote the agitation now men upon whose countenances were more going on for the purpose of procuring this re- clearly expressed a fixed determination to win. peal, was held at Farrington in Wiltshire, on The lips of some were pale with excitement, the 6th. Lord Barrington, M. P., was pres- and their eyes wore that fixed expression ent, and on his recommendation, all agreed to which betokens mischief; others with shut send in a petition to Parliament on this sub- teeth would quietly laugh and catch a tighter grip of the rein, or seat themselves with care and firmness in the saddle, while quiet words of confidence and encouragement were passed from each to his neighbor. All at once Capt. May rode to the front of his troop-every rein and sabre was tightly grasped. Raising himself and pointing at the battery, he shouted, Men, follow? There was now a clattering of hoofs and a rattling of sabre sheathes-the fire of the enemy's guns was partly drawn by Lieut. Ridgely, and the next moment we were France joins Spain with a view to the re-con- sweeping like the wind up the ravine. I was in a squad of about nine men, who were separated by a shower of grape from the battery and we were in advance, May leading. He turned his horse opposite the breastwork, in front of the guns, and with another shout to 'follow,' leaped over them. Several of the horses did follow, but mine being new and not massa, I was sound asleep, until you stuck well trained, refused; two others baulked, and their riders started down the ravine to turn and almost knocked the bref out of my body. the breastwork where the rest of the troops had entered. I made another attempt to clear the guns with my horse; turning him around -feeling all the time secure at thinking the guns discharged. I put his head towards them and gave him the spur, but he again baulked; so, turning his head down the ravine, I too started to ride round the breastwork.

"As I came down a lancer dashed at me with lance in rest. With my sabre I parried was convened by the Lord Mayor in compli- his thrust, only receiving a slight flesh wound from its point in the arm, which felt at the time like the prick of a pin. The lancer turapplying to the Government for an advance of money by way of loan to railway compa-through my horse on the left side and shattered my right thigh. The shot killed the horse instantly, and he fell upon my left leg, fastening me by his weight to the earth. There I lay, right in the midst of the action, where carnage was riding riot, and every moment the shot, both from our own and the Mexican guns, tearing up the earth around me. I tried to raise my horse so as to extricate my leg. but I had already grown so weak with my wound that I was unable, and from the mere ket closed with an upward tendency. Orleans 4 3-4 to 6d, and Mobile 4 1-2 to 6 1-2d, are the extreme quotations for ordinary and fair less within a few yards of me, received a less within a few yards of me, received a lin March, which recently called forth the adwound and he commenced struggling & rear- miration of the American Agricultural Assoing with pain. Two or three times he came ciation and Farmer's Club at New York. I and seems rather to gain ground than other- near falling on me, but at length, with a scream made a pickle of two quarts of salt, to which wise, that the English government has in con-of agony and a bound, he fell dead—his body templation to open the ports for the admission of all tinde of all tind

has intervened since the sailing of the Caledo-donia has been somewhat remarkable in the cotton market. Sales at a large extent have been made, amounting to upwards of 140,000 bales. Of this, speculators have taken no less than 61,000, and exporters 3,900, leaving for consumption 85,000. Prices during the week ending Oct. 9, were an eighth higher for American and Surats, and continued firm

and although prices are very low, speculators have no inducement to purchase, owing to the unremunerating state of most of the foreign markets. Some descriptions that are wanted present low prices offered. Pig Iron £4 per ton; bar Iron, £9 10s; nail rods, £10 10s; boiler plates and sheets, £13; rails, £10 10s to £11.

LIVERPOOL, Ocrosen 5.

In the early part of the week the good demand any advance of the early part of the week the good demand any advance of the early part of the week the good demand any advance of the present advanced rates, spin cotton to a loss. Several mill owners have signified their intention to the price of the week the good demand any advance in the price of yarn, and must, therefore, at the present advanced rates, spin cotton to a loss. Several mill owners have signified their intention to the price of the week the good demand any advance in the price of yarn, and must, therefore, at the present advanced rates, spin cotton to a loss. Several mill owners have signified their intention to the price of yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the spinners are loud in their complaints, they have not obtained any advance in the price of yarn, and must, therefore, at the present advanced rates, spin cotton to a loss. Several mill owners have signified their intention to the price of yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the Mexican, whom he served the same way, and thus I looked on while he murderously slew have not obtained any advance in the price of yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the Mexican, whom he served the same way, and thus I looked on while he murderously slew have not obtained any advance in the price of yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the Mexican, whom he served the same way, and thus I looked on while he murderously slew have not obtained any advance in the price of yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the spin the yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the spin the yesterday with great firmness. Meantime the yesterday with great firmness. vulture-like business, and he fled in another The state of trade is, of course, considerably direction. I need not say that had he visited affected by the state of the provision market. me I should have taken one shot at the enemy The money, like most of the produce markets, is in a somewhat depressed state. The prospects of the winter are not so cheering as hours after I had the pleasure of shaking some

*Sergeant Milton exhibited to us the certificate which the Mexican soldier afterwards presented to him. It is from the Treasurer of Coabuila, certifying that he belonged to the regular cavalry of the 8th regiment, and was named Carlos Silva. It is dated Saltillo, 13th of April, 1846.—[St. Louis Reville,

THE BATTLE AT MONTEREY Let the voice of rejoicing swell out on the air

Let the bonfire startle the gloom with its glare Let the tones of the trumpet ring joyous and And the thunder of cannon break harsh on the ear!

Bring the minstrel his harp; let his hand sweep the wires, While the joy of the moment his bosom inspired Let the fires of old kindle up while he sings, And burn in the music that flows from the

Bind wreaths for the victors who routed the foe, Whose words made the life tide in rivulets

Who raged like a storm 'mid the battle's fierce roar, And crimson'd their hands in the enemy's gore!

A cheer for the victors who yielded the brand In the midst of the carnage with terrible hand; A shout for the heroes who shone in the fight

Once more wake the cannon, let thunder be morn! Let the shouts of rejoicing increasingly swell Thro' forest, o'er hill-top, down valley and

But hark, for a moment! lo soft on the air Comes a sound like a sigh from the bosom of care ; ike the moan of the heart broken widow it As she bends o'er the orphan that smiles in its

dreams! bloom: The light of her being is srouded in gloom

Like the death knell of all that her spirit held dear !

Hush the thunder of cannon! with sorrowing speak.

Oh, God! that the reign of distruction were o'er. That the nations might revel in carnage no more: That the sword in its scobbard forever might

And the bird in the cannon, find place for her

Oh though, who couldst ween o'er the tomb of the dead. Where the tear of the sorrowing mourner was shed: Oh thou, who couldst govern the storm

thy will, Say now to the tempest of passion "be still!

(The following story is taken from the Baltimore Sun, and seems to have secured the entire confidence of the Editor of that paper.)

A Serio-Comic Accident .- On Tuesday last, a strapping colored man had mounted himself on the tafferel of a vessel lying at Bowly's wharf, and was stretched at full length, taking a snooze to himself, with the water beneath him on one side, and the deck of the vessel on the other. He had been lying in this unsafe condition for some time, when he became a little restless, and in shifting his position, rolled overboard into the dock. Several gentlemen on the wharf having observed him fall, immediately ran on board of the vessel, one of them carrying with him a long pole, but not the slightest trace of the man could be discovered. The pole was then used for the purpose of feeling for the body, and i finally struck on a substance supposed to be that of the unfortunate negro. On attempting to draw the pole up, something heavy seemed to be attached to the lower end, but with a little assistance it was raised, and the supposed drowned man found to be clinging on to it with both hands, but little worse for his ducking. On being asked how it happened that he laid so quietly on the bottom, he replied with the utmost innocence, 'why, bless the Lord, that long pole into me, which woke me up W Davis. This may seem like a fiction, but it is a serious fact, and the negro still persists in averring that he was sound asleep until the punching

of the pole awoke him up. Mammoth Potato.-Ford Taylor, Esq., o Nash county, has sent us a sweet Potato. which measures 20 inches in circumference, 13 inches in length, and weighs 8 pounds, after having been a month out of the ground .-Nash county against the world for big Pota toes, pretty girls, and genuine Democracy Who can beat this Potato? It can be seen a our office.-Ral. Standard.

LOSS OF THE SCHR. ALVARADO BY FIRE Extract of a letter received in this city, dated

GEORGETOWN, Nov. 4., 1846. That valuable vessel the schr. Alvarado Capt. Harding, bound for Boston, took fire in the Bay last night and was burt to the water's edge at 2 o'clock to-day. Three of the seamen perished in the flames.-Charleston Evening News.

SUPERIOR MODE OF CURING HAMS. been in momentary dread of, from the hot firms in all ing in my neighborhood, now occurred—my wounded limb which was lying across the brown sugar; boiled the whole together, and wounded limb which was lying across the brown sugar; boiled the mixture boiling hot, to one hundred from the period that horse, received another ball in the ankle.

Schr Emma Louisa, Boon, from Philadel-phia, for this port, with an asserted cargo, in dred pounds of ham, and kept it in the pickle attempting to enter Chincotesque Inlet, 27th

1.953,950 WILMINGTON MARKET. \$8,753,950

The expenditues for the sa 8.153,659 30 arming militia 462,627 09 827,880 03 962,757 77 1,969,980 76 Redemption of Treasury notes. and interest 62,096 82 Redemption of Treasury notes which were purloined, and interest

\$14,088,661 27 R. J. WALKER, Secretary of the Treasury. Treasury Department, Nov. 2, 1846.

Treasury Notes outstanding Nov. 1, 1846. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, Nov. 2, 1846.
Amount outstanding of the several issues prior to the act of 22d July, 1846, as per records

of this office mount outstanding of issues under the act of 22d July, 3,227,000 00 1846

\$3,639,283 97 Deduct cancelled notes in the hands of the accounting offi-567,000 00 cers \$3,072,283 97

> R. H. GILLET. Register of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Nov. 2, 1846. In reply to inquiries made of this Departnent, notice is given that Treasury notes issued under the act of the 22d of July, 1846, bearing an interest of one mill per hundred dollars per annum, may be deposited, under the advertisement of the 22d October last, in exchange for Treasury notes carrying an interest of five and two-fifths per cent. per annum.

R. J. WALKER,

Secretary of the Treasury. When Ampudia signed the articles by which Monterey was surrendered, big drops of sweat rolled from his face. These Mexicans are cruel in success and abject in defeat.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WILNINGTON, NORTH WATER STREET,) November 10th, 1846. THE COMMERCIAL AGAIN!!

I would not have taken the trouble and reolied to an article in The Commercial of last Saturday, were it not for some remarks again nade on the word Dutchman: It is true he speaks very highly of them for their bravery in war, &c., and he thinks that VARNISH,

we, or I at least, ought to be proud of it and winks. Madeira, ought not to dislike his appellation. Port, True it is, I am proud of the country that ave me birth, and m of those heroes that shed their blood in defence of this blessed Republic, and helped to gain the Liberty which I now enjoy, and to shake off the tyranical government of Great Britain .-

At the present time they are not behind hand in seeing their country righted in the war with Mexico. Their motto is: For Liberty we live, and for Liberty we will die. Should I then not dislike the foul assertion of the editors of The Commercial in applying the word Dutchman as a slur upon the Nation, and that repeatedly) Yes I do, and always will. But a few more words and I have done with it .-The editors seem to have two points why they think the Dutch ought not. But it seems o me as if they mean to say we are to be estimated by them. One is in making Toys and Gimeracks. I had the pleasure of being in in the city which is called Nurenberg, once, myself, where the Toys are so largely manufactured, and in going into the factory I found children from six to ten years of age making those Toys. In looking over the assortment I found a large quantity of little boys, made out of wood, with red coats on. On enquiring what they meant, they told me they were little Englishmen, but I presume ever since Prince

Albert married Queen Victoria they call them Gimeracks. Second, they are to be estimated by some importations of Dutchmen, Germans, and the like. No doubt this has been the case with all Nations in former times, and may be so now, but I think John Bull has been largely engaged in that same traffic himself, and ore so than any other nation. In our days we have to pay passage, and they will not let us have a chance to run away, as they do sometimes in British vessels, as I understand J. WESSEL 9-1t

MARINE BIST.

ARRIVED. Nov 8-Schr Providence, Peterson, Bath, Me., to W B Giles & Co. Schr Mary Eliza, McCumber, Onslow, to

E J Lutterlo 8-Brig Narragangus, Leighton, Charleston. Brig Nancy Pratt, Stevenson, Havana. Was at Havana during the late hurricane, but re-

ceived no material damage. Brig Baltic, McLanathan, Guadaloupe. 9-Brig Caspian, Burton, Barbadoes, to

10-Brig John Clifford, Staples, Newport R. I., ro John McRae. Brig Gallio, Mahoney, Boston, to Barry & Bryant 11-Schr Mary & Elizabeth, Smith, Boston, to J Gammell

Brig Naritiske, Metcalf, Maine, to J Gam-Schr Hudson, Kincead, Porto Platta, bound to New York, put in here in distress, leaking. to G W Davis.

CLEARED. Nov 5-Brig Amanda, Renton, Havana, by G W Davis.

7—Brig Mazeppa, Colson, Cuba. Schr Falcon, Parritt, Matanzas, by G W Davis. Schr Olive, Smith, New York, by E J Lut-

Schr Marion, Brown, Little River, by G W Schr Sarah Jane, Marden, Philadelphia, by J Mulock.

9-Brig Fox, Smith, Havana, by J Gammell Schr Caroline Clark, Oram, Key West and Havana, by W B Giles & Co. Br Brig Enterprise, Cook, Antigua, by G W

Davis. Schr Westport, Kent, Boston. 11—Brig Grandee, Keller, Key West. Schr F A Heath, Curtis, Havana. Schr Mary Eliza, McCumber, Onslow, by

11-Brig Nonpareil, Pope, Key West, by

WHOLESALE PRICES BERSWAY, COPPER, COTTON. CANDLES, tallow PEATHERS FLOUR,-Co Fayettevill

HAY, Northern, per 100 lbs laox, LARD, Western, LINE, Thomastown DUNBER-Steam mil River, Flooring boards, 9 00 Scantling, Timber, MOLASSES, W. I. MACKEREL, No 1 retail, NAILS, 44 . NAVAL STORES, Yellow, Turpt. Virgin dip, hard, half price.

Tar, Rosin No. 1, 1 25 Sp. Turpt, Ott, Sperm, 95 a PEASE, Ground. Black eye, Cow,

Ponk, per bbl. Northern Mess. Prime, 11 00 3 50 a Rick, rough, bush SALT, Turks Island, bushel Liverpool, sack, SHINGLES, Country contract. SPIRITS, Northern Rum, Gin,

14 00

Whiskey Apple Brandy. STEEL. 124 . STAYES, W. O.bbl. rough, dressed. R. O. Hhd. rough, dressed, Sugan, West India, New Orleans,

TALLOW. 34 . Malaga, BANK RATES OF EXCHANGE, WILMINGTON. Bank checks on Philadelphia, 1 pr. ct. prer

New York, Boston, RATES OF FREIGHT HENCE TO NEW YORK Naval Stores, 25 a 30 cts. Spirits Turp 45 per bl Rice, 124cts, per hundred Cotton, 90c per bale.

Cotton goods and yarns, 50 cts. pr. baie. Tobacco, \$3 00 per hogshead. Lumber, \$4 a \$6 00 per m.

To Philadelphia .- Spirits 54c. Naval Stores 25 a 30c. Lumber \$5. Cotton goods and yarns, to Philadelphia. 6 ct per cubic foot.

To Baltimore-Spirits 50c. Naval Stores 30 a 33c. Lumber \$41. Cotton, \$1 25, Yarns 6c. per cubie foot. To Boston .- Spirits 50c. Naval Stores, 35c.

WILMINGTON MARKET-Nov. 12. Naval Stores-Our review of this day week left the Naval Store market with a downward tendency. On Saturday, sales were made at \$3. This was caused by the prospect of a rise in the rivers, which, however, did not take place, sufficient to effect prices. The news from Europe, reached here in time to have effect upon the market on Monday, and the consequence was an advance above the rates paid during the early and middle part of the former week. Sales were made on Monday at \$3 45 a \$3 48. On Tuesday, the rates of the previous day were paid. On Wednesday, prices again receded, and about 2,000 barrels have been sold since late yesterday evening up to of said Court will be holden at the Court House, the time of making up our report to-day, at in the town of Wilmington, on the first Monday \$3 40. The market appears very firm to-day at this price. In Spirits we hear of only two small lots having been sold, which brought of said Court. 47c. Tar arrives very slow-50 barrels-all

that has arrived-was sold yesterday at \$2 30. Timber-Millers are only buying for immediate use, and consequently the market is not very active. We quote for sales this week, \$5 50, \$6 00, \$6 50, \$7 50 to \$8 00. Arrivals moderate.

Lumber-River-operations small. uotations for current rates.

Shingles-Are firm, with a moderate de Lime-A lot of 260 casks arrived-not yet old-store price \$1 to \$1 25. Corn-Cargo reported last week has been

sold at 80 and 85c.—closing at first price. Bacon-Abundant and dull. See quotations. Lard-Plenty-sales at 84 to 9c. Peas-Ground, 95c. to \$1. The latter figure

was paid yesterday for very superior. The former price appears to be the best state of the market. Flour-Sales of Fayetteville Super at \$6.

Salt - About 1.000 bushels arrived. Hay-125 bales Eastern sold at 65 cents at action, and 50 bales North River at 524 a 60c.

CHARLESTON MARKET-Nov. 7.

75-Fine, \$6 50-Cross, \$6 25.

84 to 10 cts. Rice. - Sales of the week 6 to 700 casks at 34 to 44.

Rough Rice -60,000 bushels received, 20,000 sold of 96 to 100 cts. Grain .- No arrivals of corn. Selling from Store at 75 to 80 cts.

Store at 75 to 80 cts.

Bacon and Lard.—In the former article there has been quite an active business done during the past week. The market having been quite bare for some time past, the receipts of the week, 350 casks and 380 pieces, principally Shoulders and Sides, have nearly all been disposed of, at 5 cts. the former and 7 cts. for the latter; when of good quality, clear Sides brought 7 cts.; Hams, 9 a 10 cts. In Dried Apples, Dried Peaches.

75, cash, for the best quality. In anticipation of later advises from Europe, but little habeen done since our report of Wednesday, an we have no variation to notice as regard

NEW ORLEANS MARKET .- Oct. 31. Sales corn 65 to 75 cts.; Flour, Wester 54 to 54; Bacon, hams 44 to 8 cts.; Sides 5 to 5 1-2. Shoulders 3 to 3 1-2; Lard, 7 to 7 1-2; Molasses, 27 to 28 cts.; Sugar 5 1-2 to 64 cta.; Whiskey, 20 to 21 cts. BOSTON MARKET'.-Nov. 4.

Naval Stores .- The market is rather quie for Spirits Turpentine, and the sales mod at 600 per gal, 6 mos. Tar is scarce, and prices have a tendency upwards.

MARRIED. At Wake Forest, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. Professor Wm. T. Brooks, of Wake For-est College, Col. Samuel S. Biddle, of Craven co., to Miss Mary E. V., second daughter of the late Jesse Powell, Esq.

In New Hanover county, on Thursday eve ning, the 29th ult., at the residence of Rob't Sharples, Esq., by Rev. D. B. Black, Mr. Ed-ward Saunders, to Miss Susan A. Sharples In Bladen co., on the 29th ult., by the Rev. Colin Shaw, Mr. R. W. Johnson, to Miss E. lizabeth Ann Andres, daughter of John Andres, all of the county of Bladen.

In this town, on the 28th ult. Catharine Francis, oldest child of James W. Johnson, aged 5 years and 6 months.

In Fayetteville, on the 30th ult., Mr. M. R. Wilkings, aged 86, formerly of Wilmington, and for many years a highly respected mer-chant of Fayetteville.

At Chapel Hill, on 30th ult,, Mrs. Helen Caldwell, aged 78, relict of the late Rev. Dr. Joseph Caldwell. In Nash county, on the 4th inst., Rev. W Bellamy, aged about 80 years, a minister of the Gospel of the Methodist denomination.

In Davie county, on the 13th ult., Wm. Ma son. Also on the 14th, Edward Stewart, aged Also on the same day, John Myers, aged These were all soldiers of the Revolution, and the last of that glorious band in the counv of Davie. In Raleigh on the 31st ult., Mr. John Wil

son, of Norfolk, Va., in the 57th year of his In Raleigh, on the night of the 4th inst. suddenly, Mr. R. Nicholson.

Laborers Wanted. IFTEEN or TWENTY good able bodied laborers are wanted for two or three months on the public works at Fort Caswell, near Smith ville, N. C., tor whom \$18 a month, or 75 cents

a day, without rations, will be paid.

To slaves from a distance, medical attendance when necessary, will be furnished without ex ense to the owners. Apply immediately to Messrs. Brown & DeRost, Wilmington, or Lieut. D. P. Woodbury, at

[N13-11] Lost or Mislaid.

BOND given by U. G. Paising and Bradley, for the hire of two boys, John and Nat, the said bond given for \$200, bearing date BOND given by O. G. Parsley and Rich'd January 1st, 1846, payable quarterly. There is a credit of \$50 on the bond, also \$100 paid beside, that the bond does not shew a credit of. This is to caution all persons against trading for said bond also the makers against paying the same to any person or persons whatsoever, except the subscri-I. PETERSON. November 13, 1846

Selling off! Selling off! AT FIRST COST.

N order to close our business in this place, we will sell our entire stock of clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Bage, and a great many other articles, at first cost. Now come and buy goods at 50 per cent. lower than you can buy them in any other store. Call at FRIDENBERG & BROTHERS,

Dawson's old corner, Market street, Wilmington, N. C. November 13, 1846

NOTICE. FEW of the worst looking and BEST RAZORS, ever brought to this market, are HALL & ARMSTRONG. November 13, 1846.

Extra Term of the Superior Court of Law

NEW HANOVER COUNTY O'TICE is hereby given to Attorneys, Parties and Witnesses, engaged in suits now on the trial docket of said Court, that an Extra Term in January next, when and where they are re-quired to attend, under the same penulties and for-feitures as for non-attendance at the regular terms

O. ALDERMAN, CI'k. Nov'r 13, 1846 9-t1M1 Chronicle and Commercia! once a week till Is Monday in Janury next.

NOTICE.

N pursuance of a decree of the Court of Equity for the County of New Hanover, Fall Term, 1846, will be sold at the Court House door, in the town of Wilmington, on Monday, the 14th of the town of Wilmington, on Monday, the 14th of December next, upon twelve months credit, with interest from the day of sale, 320 acres of land belonging to the minors of Wm. K. Devane, dec'd, lying between Black and South River, being the upper half of 64th acres, patented by John Anders in 1762, and adjoining the lands of James Murphy and others. Bond and security, approved by the undersigned, required of the purchaser.

T. D. MEARES, C. M. E.

Nov'r 13, 1846 _

Nov'r 13, 1846

WANDED. N active young man to attend to a Hotel with Bar attached. To one that is dispused to consult the interest of his employer, liberal wages will be given. Apply at the N13. 9] JOURNAL OFFICE.

Notice. A PPLICATION will be made to the next see A sion of the General Assembly, for an act to

To the Honorable the General Assembly of North PPLICATION will be made to the A General Assembly to reduce the tax on Billiard Tables in the County of New Hanover.

9-5t

D. PARTE & CO., MARAGE

DID SCHEMES!!!

SATURDAY, Novemen 14, 1 850,000! 820,000

SATURDAY, November 31, 1946, and Consolidated Lottery, Class 47, 76 No.

832,0001 \$12,000 1 prize of 8,000 20 de 6,000 20 de 4,000 20 de O prizes of 200. Wholes \$10—Halves \$5—Quart Certificate of package of Wholes, Halves.

Quarters SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28; 1846. Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class 48.

\$35,295 ! \$19,000| 1 prize of 3,292 20 Lowest prize \$10 nett-two numbers Wholes \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2 50. Certificate of package of Wholes, \$100 Halves, Quarters,

always give in three tickets. I have every day Lotteries foom \$1 to \$20, and when a remittance is made to me, large or smal. I will always invest in the most popular Lotteries on hand. The drawings sent, when requested, to all who order from me. The cash for all capitals can be had at sight. On all letters enclosing each or prize tickets, the postage need not be paid.

Tickets in the above Lotteries are received, and all orders addressed to me will meet the most prompt and confidential attention. Address, H. N. SQUIRE. Oct 16-5]

Petersburg, Va. GREAT ATTRACTIONS. THE CHEAPEST GOODS YET!

IF you want to get the greatest bargaine that has ever been offered in Wilmington now is the time; just call at the "CHEAP CASH STORE," The lower one of R. W. Brown's New Building, NO MISTAKE! Besutiful Mousine de

Laine, at 16, 18 and 25 cts. Cashmeres of a qualities, Pyremidical Graduated French Cash mere Robes, Oregon and California Plaids, Calicoes at 5, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 16 cts. SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! SHAWLS!!! Cashmere, Turkeri, Brocha, Plain and Em-

proidered; Thibet, Zephyr, Waffle and Blank of all qualities. Black Cloth, and black Thibet Shawls, very cheap.

A beautiful spicle of Bonnet Velvet; Kid Gloves. A complete assortment of Cotton an Woolen Hosiery; White, Red. Yellow and Green Flannels, Angola Wrappers; Whitney and Servant's Blankets; White Coun erpanes; Freech Merinos; Book and Swiss Muslins; Long Lawns Irish Lineus; a lot of very cheap black Alapaccas Black de Laines and Cashmeres; a complete as-sortment of Cloths. Cassimeres, and Vestings, of all colors and qualities. Cassinetts; Tweed's Twilled Cotton; Bed Ticking; Apron Cheene Canton Flannel: a beautiful article of Cloth Ta Canton Flannel; a beautiful article of ble Covers; White Toilet Covers; Linen Hand kerchies at 124 cents; i k Pocket Handkerchies Black and Colored Silk Scarfs, for gentlemen. A general assortment of domestics unbleached, a very good article, at-61 cents: a lot

cles, al of which will be sold at astonishing low prices. A beautiful lot of fancy colored and black JOHN CAMPER. Silks for Dresses. Nov'r 13, 1846 Bacon and Lime-Daily Expected.

of very cheap Kersey's, with numerous other arti-cles, all of which will be sold at astonishing low

8000 I.BS. Bacon Sides, 2000 lbs. Hams, 2000 " Shoulders, 260 casks Thomaston Lime BARRY & BRYANT.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.



with great care in the North-orn cities, the richest and most extensive assortment of Watches, Jewellery, Silver and Plated Ware. House-Keeping and Pancy Articles. &c.

T. W. BROWN. Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 6, 1846. 811

Real Estate for sale. THE PLANTERS' HOTEL, wi the Lot upon which it stands, situat occupied by Thomas King.
HOUSE and BAKESHOP and LOT, North

of and adjoining the same, now occupied by Mr.
Augustine as Grocery and Bakeshop.
HOUSE and LOT on corner of Second and
Brunswick streets, north of Rail Road.
YOUSE and LOT on Brunswick street, west of and adjoining the last mentioned House and Lot.
The above property will afford a safe and lucustive investment of capital. The property is now paying a good interest.
Terms—One-fourth purchase money in 30 days

egotiable note the balance, at one and two with interest from date. Purchasers to pay Apply to WM. A. BERRY, M. D.

NOTICE. APPLICATION will be made to the next Le

the Cammissioners of the town of Wilmingto to borrow \$200,000, to be invested in the Capita Stock of a Company, to be created by the Logi-latures of North and South Carolina, for the pu pose of constructing a Rail Road, ca mington with some one of the S. Rail Roads; and to authorize said C. to levy a tax within said town, to repay Wilmington, Nov. 6, 1846.

(PORNERS LITERIQUES MOTEL

the same walk mapacifully

Temperance, Literature, Science, Agriculture, The Markets, &c. &c. In laying this prospectus before the friends of Temperance and Morality for their sanction, we gress:—we allude to the contemplated withdrawal are actuated alone by the wish to do all that we of their patronage from the newspaper press. To can for the suppression of that great foe to human happiness—INTEMPERANCE. If those who are desirous to see the downfall of this monster will we trust that this decision of Congress increases only come forward to our support, we will endea- rather than diminishes our claim to the support of vor to give him such thrusts as will, in time, per- a high power—that of the people; and to them haps, cause him to absent himself from our other- we confidently appeal to aid us, by their patronwise happy commonwealth.

There is at present no paper devoted to this journal that is inflexibly devoted to the philanthropic cause published in North Carolina, and the true interests of the country. whilst there is scarcely another State in the Union within whose bounds there is not one or more papers published, devoted to the Temperance cause. its subscription list, so much as the advertising Black Italian Cravats; Kid, Silk, and Merino

cure subscribers for us. Let not this attempt fail. newspaper, they have secured the services of the We believe if the friends of the cause will only best reporters which the country afforded, but at come up to the work, that North Carolina not on- the enormous cost of \$12,000 or \$15,000 per year. ly can but WILL support a paper whose every ef- Their extensive foreign and domestic corresponfort will be put forth to exterminate that Hydra- dence is another large item of expense, but the inheaded monster-Intemperance. The evil structive usefulnees of which is so highly comshould at once be arrested in its onward march, mended and appreciated as to justify almost any nor longer let it have its course -- free and un- outlay to attain it. Still, it must be evident that trammelled. Its pathway is marked by the tears these heavy expenses cannot be borne, unless the of the widow and the orphan. It is daily bring, subscription list is commensurate to the undertaking our friends and fellow-citizens to--what ?-- ing; and although we can boast of 15,000 subscri-A Drunkard's Grave! Yea, verily! Some of bers, (including daily, tri-week'y, and weekly,) down in the very height of their brilliant career -- enable the proprietors of the "Union" to sustain numbers of our young men who have given early all its usefulness, and to insure them against peevidences of talent, and have been looked upon by cuniary loss. Invoking, then, again, the aid and a fond father or a doating mother, as one who was support of all true friends of republican govern- free from charge. Apply to the subscriber, two distined to fill a high place in the hearts of their ment, and pledging ourselves to renewed efforts in fellow-citizens, have had all their buds of promise the cause of the glorious principles we cherish, we nipped by the appreach of this insidious foe—a foe who is no respecter of persons, but treats all who tamper with him alike, and brings them to heretofore, at \$10 per annum, payable in advance. an untimely and dishonored grave. When we Its character hitherto has been almost exclusively look around us and see the ravages which intem- political. We purpose in future to devote a por perance is making throughout the length and tion of its columns to domestic news of general in preadth of our land, we should rise up as one man terest, and to miscellaneous literature, which, withand swear never to cease our efforts until we have out impairing its political influence may render it banished this tyrant from our otherwise happy land, the more acceptable to an extended class of rea To the Brethren of the Independent Order of ders.

Rechabites, both here and abroad, we affectionately appeal for support. As the Organ of the Order in this State, we will do every thing for its advancement that can be done. The blessed principles of our Order call upon us to exercise Br-NEVELENCE and CHARITY -- Temperance, Forliexcellencies it will be the primary object of THE bers. SENTINEL to inculcate upon the minds and hearts of its readers. In its columns, the Rechabites will ever find their great objects and interests faithful ly advocated and zealously supported. In addition to its advocacy of Temperance-

POETRY, ESSAYS, ANECDOTES, &c. &c., and no pains will be spared to make it worthy of the patronage not only of the Members of the Order and the friends of Temperance, but of the reading public generally.

A weekly report of the Wilmington Markets,

together with the Markets of other places connected with this in point of trade-Arriva's and Departures of Vessels to and from this port, together with every thing of interest which transpires both here and abroad, will find a place in the columns of the Sentinel. And though last, but not least, the LADIES will

the parlor or boudoir. No article will ever find a place in its columns which can tend, in the remomost fastidious THE SENTINEL will be published weekly on

receipt of the first number We will issue the ber of subscribers to warrant us in the underta-

As a native-born son of the "Old North State." that support which is our due. As a son of O'd previous legislation. This will form the most com-New Hanover, we ask of our fellow-county men to come forward and sustain at least one paper in be furnished at the low price of SEVENTY-FIVE their county which will be conducted by a native- CENTS for the next session. born Wilmingtonian. Having dwelt among you mand of you that support which I shall use every with the subscription money, for either the Daily, exertion to merit.

Its cheapness should induce every one to subscribe, and lend us a helping hand to establish a scribers for. paper of this kind in Wilmington. It will contain the same amount of information as the other papers published here, relative to the Markets, &c ... and at a less cost, and we trust that will be a sufficient inducement to our country friends to give us a large circulation in the surrounding counties. - 10 And to the friends of the cause in other portions of the State we affectionately appeal for aid.
WILLIAM J. YOPP.

October 23d, 1846. .* Editors throughout the State will confer a avor on us by giving the above Prospectus a few | be made in advance. insertions in their respective papers, and calling the attention of their readers to it. W. J. Y. ERECNSON 95

WASHING MACHINE ONE OF THE GREATEST

LABOR SAVING MACHINES EVER INVENTED. 1st. A lad 12 years of age, can wash, with this machine, as fast and far better, than ten of the hest washerwomen.

2d. At least seventy-five per cent. is saved in the wear of clothes, by washing them in this ma-3d. Ordinary clothes washed in this manner re-

quire no boiling; all that is necessary is to rinse them thoroughly and put them to dry. 4th. There is a saving of fifty per cent. in the article of soap, by using this machine. 5th. The finest cap or handkerchief can be washed in this machine with perfect safety.

6th. This machine is perfectly simple in its construction, not liable to get out of repair, and with careful usage will last twenty years.

Washing will at any time be done, free of charge, to satisfy the disbeliever. The subscribers offer for sale, on liberal terms.

the right of the above Machine for the town Wilmington and County of New Hanover. Aplications made to the subscribers, at Kenansville, N. C., will be promptly attended to, where the machine can be seen and examined to the satisfaction BASS & SULLIVAN.

Notice.

PPLICATION will be made to the next General Assembly for a charter to give a Joint Stock Company power to establish a School in the vicinity of Black River Chapel, New Hanover county. Oct. 23d 1846.-[6-5t*

NOTICE. ONSIGNEES and owners of Goods, coming by any of the Packets consigned to my adreceiving them on their arrival, and during the time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be responsible for any goods after being landed. GEORGE W. DAVIS.

October 16, 1846 SALT. SACKS, in 4 bushel bags, Liverpool prime, for sale by J. WESSEL,
Oct 16, 1846-ft Water street.

TO THE PROPLE.

THE SUBSCRIBER proposes publishing in the town of Wilmington, N. C., provided sufficient encouragement is offered, a paper to be called

The Temperance Sentinel.

To be devoted to devote and defend, and form which temperance. Literature, Science, Agrino prosperity, no adversity, can swerve us; we cannot be unmindful of the attidude in which we are placed by a recent vote of both houses of Con-

age, in sustaining at the seat of government a journal that is inflexibly devoted to their interests It is known to every one, that the chief source

within whose bounds there is not one or more papers published, devoted to the Temperance cause. Shall it be said, North Carolina cannot support a paper of this kind? For the honor of the "Old North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State, "I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State, "I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State, "I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State, "I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State, "I should be sorry to have it said of North State," I should be sorry to have it said of North State, "State North State," State North State, "State North State, "State North State," State North State, "State North State, "State North State, "State North State

The "SEMI-WEELLY UNION" will be published every Monday and Thursday, during the recess of Congress, at \$5 per annum. This contains all the matter contained in the " Daily Union," except local advertisements. During the sessions of Congress three numbers, instead of two. tude and Justice. These distinguished virtues and will be issued, without any extra charge to subscri-

Enlargement of the Weekly Union.

The "WEEKLY UNION" is issued every Saturday; and as arrangements are in progress to enlarge it to near double its present size, we shall The Sentinel will contain a great variety of inter- soon be enabled to give nearly every article which nay appear in the daily and sem at the extremely low rate of \$2. We propose also to give, in this edition, a complete synoptical summary of the proceedings in both houses of Congress—thus rendering the "Weekly Union" a he purposes remaining in this place a short time, most valuable channel of information to all classes and of giving all an opportunity of procuring a of our country. But, to remunerate us for this correct likeness of themselves and friends in his enterprise, an extensive subscription list is abso- superior style. lutely indispensable.

CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER.

In addition to the foregoing, we have resolved to publish, during the sessions of the national legisature, a " Congressional Register," to be issued weekly, and to contain a FULL REPORT of the dai ever, we trust, find it a welcome companion to by proceedings and debates of both houses. Indeed the arrangements which we have made with the very best corps of reporters will enable us to give test degree, to raise a blush upon the check of the even more full and extended reports than we have produced during this session superior as we claim them to be to any preceding ones. The Register a Royal sheet at \$2 per annum, payable on the will be made up from the daily reports in the "Union," careful y revised by an experienced edifirst No. as soon as we receive a sufficient num- tor, and will constitute a complete and authentic record of the session. An appendix will be addking We hope our friends will not let us wait ed, uniform with the Register, and to be sent gratuitously to subscribers, comprising a list of the acts passed during the session, with a synopsis of we call upon our fellow-citizens to extend to us their contents, and a reference, when necessary, to plete history of the sessions of Congress, and will

POSTMASTERS are authorized to act as our from my infancy up, I think I have a right to de- agents; and by sending us five yearly subscribers, copy of the same edition as they furnish us sub-

The Congressional Register will be furnished them on the same terms. Clubs will be furnished with

5 copies of the Daily for do Semi-Weekly 20 00 do Weekly 8 00 do Congressional Register do 10 00

The name of no person will be entered upon our books unless the payment of the subscription RITCHIE & HEISS.

NEW STORE.

CHEAP DRY GOODS! FOR CASIN.

THE subscriber having taken the store on the South side of Market street, a few doors East of Front street, formerly occupied by Mr. Charles Marechal, begs leave to inform the public that he has received, and is now opening, a very large assortment of

CHEAP DRY GOODS

Among which may be found Calicoes from 61 to 121 cents per yard; Muslins, 61 to 10 cents, of very excellent quality; Ginghams, from 64 to 15 cents per yard, a superior article; Mouslin De Laines of all qualities ; Rep Cashmeres, in pieces; Rep Cashmere Robes; Alpacas; a very large assortment of Trimmings, cheapest ever offered for sale in this market; Laces and Edgings, from 1 to 75 cents; Bonnet, Cap, and plain Ribbons, of ely state to the citizens all sorts; a very large assortment of Wilmington, that he all sorts; a very large assortment of

PANCY GOODS. Also, Hair Dresses for Ladies; Gild and Steel Chains for Watches and Scissore; Silk Money Purses, new style; Beads of every description Coral, Salin, and Glass, also, Steel Beads, at 10 cents per bunch ; Necklaces, &c. &c. He invites the public to examine his stock be-

fore buying elsewhere, as he is confident he can sell cheaper goods than any other house in the JACOB KRAUS. October 9, 1846

Co-Partnership.

4tf

THE subscribers have entered into a co-part-nership under the name and firm of Howard & Peden. W. C. HOWARD. W. N. PEDEN.

Wilmington, N. C., Oct 9, 1846

For Rent. THAT large and commodious brick dwelling-house, situated on Third street, and recently occupied by David Reid, Esq. Apply to W. A. BERRY, M.D. October 9, 1846.

1200 CASKS fresh Thomas M29 36-tf] CASKS fresh Thomeston Lime. fore disposing of their live stock, or sale by

J. C. & R. B. W. D.D.

Jan'y 2, 1846

THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE for Dist No. 23, on Moore's Creek, New Hanov sounty, desire to employ a Teacher to take charg of said School. Apply to JAS. MOORE, JAS. F. CROOM, N. R. CROOM,

November 6, 1846. Again at Home.

THE subscriber has returned to Wilmington and is prepared to execute work in his business in all its branches and with all the improvements in style and fashion of the season. He solicits the patronage of his old customers and the public generally. He will receive by first arrivals a large and well selected stock of GOODIDS,

consisting in part of French, English and American Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings; Rich Silk Velvet Vestings; Rich Tinselled Vestings; Rich French Merino Vestings; Paris style fancy Cassimeres; 6-1 English Tweeds; shaded striped simcres; 6-1 English Tweeds; shaded striped French Cloaking; Black Watered Scarfs; fancy of sustaining a newspaper is not the magnitude of Joinville Scarts; Polks H'dkfs; fancy Neck Ties

Oct. 23d. 1846.

N. B .- I shall in future settle my business ev ery six months: say, the 1st of January and the lst of July, and will expect punctuality in pay-ments. I will also make a deduction of six per cent, for cash, for all sums over \$20, LOORING and WEATHER BOARDS

at all times had at the Central Planing Mill, which will be delivered to the purchasers on any wharf the most gifted men in our land have been cut yet this list must be still considerab'y en'arged to designated in town, without charge for transpor-Persons wishing to have lumber planed at said Mill, are furnished with a flat of convenient size

well dressed, also sheathing and laths, can be

E. J. LUTTERLOH.

MEW GOODS.

doors north of the Custom House.

W. DREY

OULD inform the public that he has re-turned from New York, where he has been selecting a large and beautiful stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Consisting of Ladies Dress Goods; handsome Mouslin De Laines, as low as 20 cents per yard; Shawls, Thread and Cotton Laces, Flannels, Shirtings, &c. A variety for Gentlemen's wear, together with

various other goods too tedious to mention. His stock is new, and was bought very low, and he pledges himself to sell cheaper than any other house in this place. Call and see, and you will get some good bargains.

DAGUERRROTYPE **WINIATURES**

cessful Daguerreotype Rooms in the State of New York, he has advantages which but few artists Portraits taken in a superior style, perfectly true to nature, of very fine tone, gilded and colored so that no climate will effect them in the least.

Having connection with three of the most suc-

Daguerreotypes taken by the old process, gilded and colored so as to render them equal to those taken at the present day. Portraits of sick or diseased persons taken at heir residences if required.

Particular attention given to those wishing to engage in the business. Instruction with all the atest improvements, apparatus and stock, furnished on reasonable terms. For further information inquire at his room, on

Front street up stairs adjoining Dr. Ware's, directly opposite the Chronicle Office. January 30, 1846.

J. T. SCHONWALD,

BOTANIC PHYSICIAN,

No man can measure its value. So long as the stars roll along over the Heavens,—so long as man treads the earth, subject to all infirmatives of the flesh—so long as discuse and sickness is known—just so long will this profession, for the liberal patronage he has heretofore received, and hopes by strict attention to his profession, to merit the support of the commerce of James McAlister, or James McAlister & Co. Semi-Weekly, or Weekly, will be entitled to one to his profession, to merit the support of the community.

He continues to keep on hand a large stock o Botanic Medicines. of his own manufacture, such as remedies for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Cholic, Gravels, Liver and Spleen Complaints, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, sick 35 00 Head-ache, Piles, Nervous diseases, Worms, Tetter, and all diseases of the Skin, Itch, Scrofula, all kinds of Fevers, &c. &c.

These remedies are all of purely Vegetable com osition, and are universally known to possess virtues that have never been excelled by any series of Medicines ever offered to the public Charles C. Rhinehardt's

PATENT GLASS PAD

Double and Single Lever Truss, for HERNIA Dr. J. T. S. has on hand, and offers for sale, at nanufacturer's prices, a large supply of the above l'russ, consisting of eighteen different shapes and all sizes. They are pronounced by all who have used them to be superior to any Truss ever before invented. He feels confident that a trial of the above Truss will satisfy any person of its superiority The above medicines are for sale in Princess street, near Rankin & Martin's Auction and Commission Store, at wholesale and retail. Wilmington, N. C., May 8, 1846 34-3m

FRESH BEEF. PORK AND LAMB. STALLS Nos. 2 & 4.

THE subscriber not wishing to enter into a long detail, would mere-Wilmington, that he is now prepared to sup-

plytheir tables with the best of BEAF, PORK AND LAMB.

at the lowest prices. His arrangements are such as will warrant him in saying the best, for he will have that or none. Hotels or families can have the beef sent to their houses if they wish. Drovers can have a ready sale for their cattle, by applying to me. JOSEPH M. TILLY.

Oct. 19, 1845.

PRESE BEEF. JAMES PETTEWAY



FRESH MEATS.



ascertained that five-eights of all we receive into the stomach, passed off by this means. In other words, if we eat and drink eight pounds per day, we evacuate five pounds of it by the Insensible Perspiration.

This is none other than the used up particles of the blood, and other juicer giving place to the new and fresh ones. To check this, therefore, is to retain in the system five-eights of all the virulent matter that nature demands should leave the body.

By a sudden transition from heat to cold, the pores are stomed the perspiration ceases and disease begins at

stopped the perspiration ceases, and disease begins at once to develope itself. Hence, a stoppage of this flow of the juices, originates so many complaints.

It is by stopping the pores, that overwhelms mankind with coughs, colds, and consumption. Nine-tenths of the world die from diseases induced by a stoppage of the Insensitial Resourction. ensible Perspiration.

Let me ask, now, every candid mind, what course seems the most reasonable to pursue, to unstop the pores, after they are closed. Would you give physic to unstop the pores? Or would you apply something that would do this upon the surface, where the clogging actually is? And yet I know of no physician who makes any external application to effect it. Under these circumstances, I present to physicians, and all others, McAlister's ALL-HEALING OINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It

HEALING DINTMENT, or the WORLD'S SALVE. It has PO VER to restore perspiration on the feet, on the head, around old sores, upon the chest, in short upon any part of the body, whether diseased slightly or severely. It has power to cause all external sores, scrofulous humors, skin diseases, poisonous wounds, to discharge their putrid matter, then heals them.

It is a Remedy that sweeps off the whole catalogue of cutaneous disorders, and restores the enthrecuticle to its beautiful functions. ataneous discrete, and least fourteen years for all diseas-ealthy functions.

I have used it for the last fourteen years for all diseases of the chest, consumption, liver, involving the utmost danger and responsibily, and I declare before Heaven and man, that not in one single case has it failed to bene-

fit, when the patient was within the reach of mortal means.

I have had physicians, learned in the profession; have had ministers of the Gospel, Judges on the bench Aldermen and Lawyers, gentlemen of the highest eru-dition and MULTITUDES of the POOR, use it in every variety of way, and there has been but one voice—on united, universal voice—saving "McAlister, your Oint ment is GOOD." HEADACHE.

The Salve has cured persons of the Headache of 12 years standing, and who had it regularly every week, so that vomiting often took place.

Deafness and Ear Ache are helped with like success.

OLD SORES. That some Sores are an outlet to the impurities of the system, is, because they cannot pass off through the natural channels of the Insensible Perspiration. If such sores are healed up, the impurities must have some other outlet, or it will endanger life. This Salve will always provide for such emergencies.

RHEUMATISM It removes almost immediately the inflamation and swelling, when the pain of course ceases. FEVERS. ing locked up, so that the heat and perspiration cannot pass off. If the least moisture could be started, the crisis has passed and the danger over. The All-Healing Ointment will in all cases of fevers almost ins antly unlock In SCROFULA, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, LIV-ER COMPLAINT, SORE EVES, QUINCY, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, BROKEN OR SORE BREAST, PILES ALL CHEST DISEASES such as ASTHMA, OF PRIES, ALL CHEST DISEASES, Such as ASTHMA, OF-PRESSION, PAINS, also, SORE LIPS. CHAPPED HANDS, TUMORS CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, NER-VOUS DISEASES, and of the SPINE there is probably no medicine now so good—and as for BURNS it has not its equal in the world!

PIMPLES ON THE FACE, MASCULINE SKIN, GROSS SURFACE.

Its first action is to expel all humor. It will not cease drawing till the face is free from any matter that may be lodged under skin, and frequently breaking out to the surface. It then heals. When there is nothing but grossness, or dull repulsive surface, it begins to soften and soften until the skin becomes as smooth and delicate WORMS.

WORMS.

If parents knew how fatal most medicines were to children taken inwardly, they would be slow to resort to them. Especia;ly "mercurial lozenges," called "medicated lozenges," "vermifuges," pills, &c. The truth is, no one can tell, invariably, when worms are present. Now let me say to parents, that this Salve will always tell if a child has worms. It will DRIVE every vestige of them away. of them away.

There is probably no medicine on the face of the earth at once so sure and so safe in the expulsion of worms.

AS A FAMILY MEDICINE,

Solong as the stars roll

are written with a pen upon Every label."

Now we hereby offer a reward of \$500 to be paid or conviction in any of the constituted courts of the United s ates, of any individual counterfeiting our name and

Ointment.

April 3d, 1846.—[30

The aboye Ointment is for sale in Wilmington, at the CHRONICLE OF FICE.

Price 50 cents for the large, and 25 cents for the smal

Boarding House. THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his friends that he will remove on the 10th of OCTOBER NEXT, to the house adjoining to and one door North of the Hanover House, on Front street, where he will be prepared to receive those who may favor him with call. His terms will be moderate, and he will endeavor to make transient boarders as comforta-ble as if they were at home. He can always accommodate those who may have horses. He would also inform his friends and the public

at large, that his Livery Stables

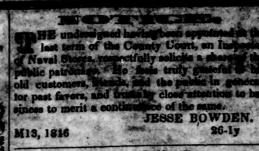
are in good order, and that careful hostlers will always be ready to take charge of Horses. He keeps constantly on hand DAVID THALLY

HORSES and BUGGIES for hire. N. B .- Drovers can be well accommodated. September 26th, 1845.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale on accommodating terms, the following parcels of Real Estate, viz: Fifteen or twenty Lots, situated just outside the limits of the corporation, and on the East side of the Newbern Road. Also, three thousand acres of Land, upon which there is a Saw and Grist Mill, (upon an improved principle,) about one mile from town, on the Newbern Road. There is about 180 acres of c'eared land. The balance well timbered with Oak, Cypress and Pine. here are also nine tasks of Turpentine Boxes already cut upon it; besides about as many more as yet untapped. Also a good Brick-Yard.
Also a tract of land on the Sound, adjoining the lands of Dr. John Hill, containing about 225 acres. Upon this property, there is a considerable amount of stock, consisting of Hogs, Cattle, &c., which will be disposed of with the property. Also, two Houses and Lots where the

MILES COSTIN. Wilmington, N. C, Sept 11, 1846 52 tf

House and Lot For Sale.
THE SUBSCRIBER being desiannounces to the citizens of Wilmington, that he keeps for sale at the Market-house, the hest of has five comfortable rooms, four with fire-places, Terms will be made cary to the with warrantes title. L. PETER Sept. 4th, 1846. -[51-45



HE undersigned having bought out the tire stock of Mr. James Punderford, soli the patronage of the citizens of Wilmingt the adjoining counties, at Mr. Punderford's OLD STAND, where he will keep a full and splendid assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES of all qualities, and at prices that must give satisfaction. He will leave in a few days for the Northern cities, where he intends to replenish the present stock on hand, from the first makers there and in Europe. CHAS. 1 Wilmington, June 12, 1846 CHAS. BLAKESLEE.

LIVERY STABLES. and have now in use, another large, comfortable, are, and convenient lot of Stables, fully equal, if not superior to any in this State.

For the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me by my friends and the public, I return my most grateful thanks, and hope by diligent and proper attention to my business, to insure a conuation of the same. I have also a large dry and comfortable lot, with good Sheds, and comfortable Stalls, for the accom-modation of drovers, All of which, are situated in the most public part of the town, and convenient for trade or business of any kind.

H. R. NIXON.
Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 25 1844. -[6-tf.

CIRCULAR. HE undersigned having been elected Inspec-tors of NAVAL STORES and PROVI-SIONS, beg leave to inform the makers of Tar and Turpentine, that they have associated themselves together, under the name and style of LARKINS & CORBETT,

for the transaction of the Inspection business, and that they respectfully solicit a liberal share of their patronage; and promise, by industry, punctuality and fidelity, to endeavor to merit their favor. Consignments to them shall meet with promp

Office in Mr. Nutt's building, Water street WM. R. LARKINS, JAS. L. CORBETT. 28-1y Wilmington, N. C., M27, 1846

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, FOR THE REMOVAL & PERMANENT

CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, or habit of the system, viz :-

crofula, or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cuta neous Eruptions, Pimples, or Pustules on the Face Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites, or Dropsy, Exposure, or Imprudence in Life .- Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders.

THE VALUE of this preparation is now widely known, and every day the field of its usefulness is extending. It is approved and highly recommended by Physicians, and is admitted to be the most powerful and searching preparation from the root that has ever been employed in medical practice. It is not local in its operation, but general, extending through the whole system. restores a healthy tone to the organs which generate that fluid. In scrofulous and all external disorders, the result is a rapid healing of the sores and pustules; in rheumatism, and other painful affections of the muscular fibre, a speedy removal of the pain, and in all cases, a renewal of strength, keeping pace with the retreat of the disease from the system. It is put up in a highly concentrated form for convenience and not tability. As when entrated form for convenience and portability, & when liluted according to the directions, each bottle will make six times the quantity, equal to one quart, and is then superior in medicinal value to the various preparations bearing the name. The proprietors are almost daily receiving testimonials of the most respectable character, testifying to its great value as an active and curative

The following interesting case is presented, and the last scareful perusal. Comment on such last do Candles, vidence is unnecessary. NEWARK, N. J., March 12, 1846. Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands—Mr. Oliver's child, of this place, was attacked with scrofula when two years old, which soon reduced her to a mere skeleton. The disease pervaded the whole system, and manifested itself in a malignant sores on the head, body and limbs. Different malignant sores on the head, body and limbs. Different
physicians in Newark, Belleville and New York, prescribed for her at various times, but finally gave up the case
as perfectly hopeless. At last Mr. Oliver was induced to
try your Sarsaparilla, and accordingly procured four bottles, which was sparingly administered, with many interruptions, yet with the most decided benefit. About
two months ago I become acquainted with the circumstances of the case. The child, who is now aged four years, was one complete mass of disease, and incapable of using any of her limbs. Her body was swollen to nearly twice its natural size; the head, limbs, and body were almost entirely covered with large sores. She was unable to move, and would take no notice of any thing only to shrink from being touched even by her mother.

The disease, at the same time, was equally severe inwardly, attended with bloody evacuations every few hours. They procured some more of the Sarsaparilla, and before she had taken one bottle she could slip down

and before she had taken one bottle she could sup nown from the chair and creep across the room. She has now just finished taking the second bottle, and the sores are nearly all healed, the limbs are restored to their natural use, she is quite cheerful, and is fast improving in health. Very respectfully yours.

C. J. WANER, Very respectfully yours, C. J. WANER, Sec. of Youth's State Tem. So Sec. of Youth's State Tem. Soc.
The following is an extract from a letter received from Mrs. Bevan. who has been afflicted for several years with Scrofulous ulcers, Dyspepsia, &c., and recently with an affection of the Throat and Chest:

BAILEYSBURG, VA., Dec. 13th, 1845.
Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands:—Before I commenced asing your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost pa expression; my throat was completely ulcerated, I had dreadful cough, and there were frequently weeks t a dreadful cough, and there were frequently weeks together that I could not speak above a whisper; and besides, the inflammation from my throat extended to my
head, so that my hearing was very much impaired Afier taking the Sorsaparilla a short time, my health improved, & my throat is now well; I am free from cough
and tightness of the chest as ever I was, and can hear
quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three
months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by
the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your friend,
LOUISA R. BEVAN.

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its

For farther particulars and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of Agents gratis.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale, Druggists, 100 Fulton-st. N. Y. Sold also by WM. SHAW, Wilmington; E. J. Hale, Fayetteville; I. Disosway, Newbern; Williams, Haywood & Co., Raleigh, N. C; E. B. Rothmaler, Georgetown, S. C; Havitand, Harral & Allen, Charleston, S. C; and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price, \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5

per bottle; six bottles for \$5 12—The public are respectfully requested to remem-ber that it is "ands" Sarsaparilly that has and is constant-ly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands' Sarsparilla, and take no other.

MEDICAL CO-PARTNERSHIP. The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Onslow counattend to the practice of the profession in all its branches. They have located themselves at Jacksonville, where they can always be found when not professionally engaged.

SAMUEL LANGDON, WILLIAM D. COWAN. CARRIAGES.

Market Street, about 300 Yards above the to \$6. Episcopal Church. THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand a large and general assortment of CARRIAGES, of his own manufactur which he offers for sal

on the post reasonable terms. Among which may be found, Coaches, Baronches, Charriots, Buggies, Gigs. Sulkies, Wagons, &c.

All orders in the above line thankfully receive

MONUMENTS, TOMB TABLES, lead & Foot Stones. &c. GUY C. HOTCHKI gton, N.C. Feb 13, 1946

The public possession set to his friends and the public possessity, that he has received, and is constantly receiving, a NEW STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS, consis

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Clothing, He would also beg leave to call the atten

PANOY GOODS. Of the latest styles and patterns, which will rival with any to be found in the Southern countries.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS would do well September 25, 1846

NEW CHEEDAR CASH STORIE. FIRST DOOR IN R. W. BROWN'S NEW BUIL-

DINGS, ON FRONT STREET, A FEW DOORS FROM

MARKET STREET. Since my Livery Stables
Were destroyed by fire in Aucitizens of Wilmington and surrounding country, that they are now opening a very large and general establishment of Dry Goods, among which

Superfine Broad Cloths Table and Bird Eye Dia-Beaver and Pilot do pers Bl'k & fancy Cassimeres 8-4 brown Damask do Satinets and Kentucky 8-4 Damask table Cloths Bleached & br. shirtings Jeans
Bl'k Satin Cut Velvet and sheetings and other Vestings Turkey Red cotton
Canvass and Padding Cross Creek Factory do
8 4, 10-4 and 12-4 Bed 30 32 & 34 inch Um-

Blankets, some very brellas A large supply of Look Negro blankets, a large ing Glasses supply
Red and white Flannel
Carpeting, a large supply
Bed Ticking and Apron
Bed Ticking and Apron
Silk and Cotton Pocket checks Irish Linen and Lawns | Handkerchiefs

Cravats and Scarfs FOR LADIES WEAR. Plain black silks - | Plaid and striped Muslins Colered, plain & striped Jaconet and Cambric do silks 1200 Linen do hdkfs Bombazines, a large sup- Bonnet and cap Ribbon

&c. &c. &c.

Bi'k & col'd Lutestrings ply Graduated Robes Lace & Edgings, assort's Bl'k. and white Eng ish Tarleton do silk Hose Cashmere de Ecosse raw Monstin De Laines Bl'k & colored Alpacas do & col'd Cashmere d Striped, plaid & fig'd do White, brown and black 820 pieces Calicoes, well Ladies kid, silk and worsted Gloves and Mits.

265 Shawls,

fine

Swiss, Mull and Book Gloves Muslins Together with a variety of other articles too nunerous to mention; all of which, being purchase by the package at reduced prices, will be offered t uncommonly low prices for cash.

assorted

Men's Kid and Burlin

We would call the attention of country mer chants to our stock, and solicit them to examine the same before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel confident that we can offer better bargains than they ever had offered in this market.

JOHN KYLE & CO. Wilmington, N. C., Oct 2, 1846. 3-y

JUST RECEIVED. GROOCERIES. |Shoe and Butcher do. Ra-Sheers, Hinges & Screws, 30 do Rio do Round Shaves, Round 5 Hhds. P. R. Sugar, Shave Files. Mill Saw do. Hand Saw do. Waffle & 2 do St. Croix do Wafer Irons, Shovels & 2 Boxes Loaf 25 Hhds. Bacon Sides, Tongs, Rice and Weeding Hoes, Cotton and 12 Brls. Mess Pork, Wool Cards, Log and 10 Hhds. Molasses. 40 Brls. and half Brls. Trace Chains, Rafting Canal Flour. Gimblets, Shoe Blacking 12 Brls. N. C. Lard, and Brushes, Horse

Brushels, Shovels and Spades, Long Handle Shovels, Bed Chords, 6 do Tobacco. 2 Brls. Snuff. 60 Bags assorted Shot. 10 Kegs Powder, Lines. CROCKERY. 60 Kegs assorted Nails, Plates, Cups & Saucers 1200 Bushels Salt. Bags Pepper, Spice and Dishes, Bowls, Mugs, Pitchers, Basins, Eures, Mat's Cinnamon, Cloves, Steak Dishes, Sugar Nutmegs, Indigo, Span- Bowls, Cream Pots. Tum

ish Br'n., Venetian Red, blers, Wine Glasses, &c. CASTINGS. Annetta, Saltpetre, Sulphur, Castor Oil, Epsom Pots, Ovens, Plain and Salts Salaeratus. Covered Spiders, Frying HARDWARE. Pans, Stew Pans, Sauce COOPERS. Pans, And Irons, Cart Stock Howells, Adzes, and Wagon Boxes. Bourd Axes, Jointer I-HATS. rons, Croze, Compasses, Fine Fur and Silk Hats, Vices, Drawing Knives,
Howelling Knives.

CARPENTERS.

Addres Schools Hetchets

Addres Schools Hetchets

Addres Schools Hetchets

Adzes, Squares, Hatchets. Caps, Children's Cloth Broad Axes, Augers, and Velvet Caps. Chissels, Gimblets. SHOES. Cross Cut Saws, Knob, Plate, and Stock Locks, A general assortment of Pad do. Collin's & Sim-Heavy and Kip Brogans mons' Timber and Box- and Boots, Ladies Seal, ing Axes, Knives and Morocco and Leather Forks, Pocket Knives, Shoes, Boots & Slippers Dry Goods.

ati nets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweed Cassimeres Kerseys, Linseys, Red and White Flannels, Blue and Black Cloth, Brown and Bleached Shirtings and Sheeting, Russia and Birds Eye Diaper, Bear Duck, Osnaburgs, Canvas, Padding, Ginghams, Blue and White Cotton Drilling, Blue Striped Homespun, Mariner Shirt-ing, Texas Shirting; a general assortment of Calicoes, Fine and Common Blankets, Silk and Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs, Blue Striped and Fancy Head do., White and Brown Linnen; a general assortment of Thread, Buttons, Pins, Needles, Combs, &c. &c.; together with numerous other articles, all of which are offered for sale, wholesale or retail, by HALL & ARMSTRONG.
Sept 18, 1846.

LATEST IMPROVEMENT IN THE CAMPHINE LAMP ty, that they have entered into co-partnership for the practice of Medicine, under the firm of LANGDON & COWAN. They will the citizens of Wilmington and of the State, to their improvement in the Camphine Lamp, which warrants them in saying that for half the meney, they will give double the light of any Oil or Lard Lamp yet invented. These Lamps are especially worthy the attention of Trustees of Churches, Halls, and of Public Buildings in general, that require t be well lit. They manufacture every variety of Lamp, and have some of beautiful workmanshi for the Centre Table, varying is price from \$1 50

Specimens may be seen by calling at the Count ing House of Mr. HENRY NUTT. Wilmington, April 17, 1846. DLAHK CHECKS A neat article, fo

sale the JOURNAL OFFICE. SUGAR. 15 HHDS. prime Muscovado SUGAR, just received and for sale by BARRY & BRYANT. July 31]

WINDOW SASHES-BLINDS and DOORS. All orders in the above line thankfully received and faithfully executed. Repairing done at short notice and in the neatest manner.

He has also on hand and continues to manufacture Harness, of every description; Saddless, Beith Large and delivered on board of vessels in New York, at the LOWEST PRICES, and at short notice. Persons about to contract for buildings, Wilmington, May 8, 1846.

Wilmington, May 8, 1846.

All orders in the above line thankfully received and buildings and faithfully executed. Repairing done at short notice and in the neatest manner.

I HE subscriber is agent for one of the best of the best of the boxed up and delivered on board of vessels in New York, at the LOWEST PRICES, and at short notice. Persons about to contract for buildings, will find it to their interest to call and examine Groce ries and Ship Stores, prices before an died their orders are died their orders. nd their orders abroad. GUY C. HOTCHKISS.

MITCHELL'S

PBW comment the above work, of the very latest edition, may be obtained at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

of the INSPECTORS of NAVAL ORES and PROVISIONS for the Inspection trict adjoining Wilmington, tenders his servi-to the public. To his friends and the public

March 20, 1846

Saddle, Harness & Trunk MANUFACTORY

Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the store formerly occupied by Porter & Blakes'ee, and immediately opposite the Chronicle Office. where he is now opening a complete assortment of

Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, Martingales, Valises, Carpet and Saddle Bags, Collars, Whips, Spurs, Bits,

all of which will be warranted of good manufacture and materials, and will be sold low for CASIE. Having LONG EXPERIENCE in the above busi-

ness, he flatters himself that he will be able to render full satisfaction to those who may be disposed to patronize him.

It is his intention to keep no BOOKS, but to adopt the CASH SYSTEM, by which means he will be able to furnish articles MUCH CHEAPER than they have heretofore been bought in this market.

Repairing of all kinds done at the shortest JOHN J. CONOLEY. July 31, 1846 . VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE In the town of Wilmington. THE SUBSCRIBER BE.

wilmington, offers for sale, the House and Lot on Walnut Street, continued, now occupied by Mr. Jos. M. TILLEY. The lot is 66 feet by 330 feet, corner lot, having on it a new one and a half story house, containing 6 rooms, with all necessary out houses. ALSO. A House and Lot. situated on Red Cross Street. now occupied by the undersigned. The lot is 80

feet by 200 feet, the house contains 8 rooms, is nearly new, and is filled in with brick; there are all necessary out-houses on the lot Also, an en-closed lot adjoining and fronting Red Cross Street, 66 feet by 200 fect. ALSO, Two enclosed lots on Boundary and Third Streets, 55 feet by 250 feet.

One half lot on Third Street continued. Also,

one quarter section of Land in the State of Illinois -said to be of exce lent quality. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM WILSON. August 21, 1846

ANTED.—The highest CASH PRICE will be paid for OLD PEWTER, by 130, 1846 20-tf] HART & POLLEY. Inspector of Naval Stores DUGALD A. LAMONT would respectfully inform the makers of Naval Stores that he was appointed an Inspector of these articles at the last term of New Hanover County Court. He would respectfully solicit from his friends and the community generally, a share of their patronage. He pledges himself that he will use the utmost

dispatch in the transaction of all business entrusted to his care. He would also say that he will always be ready to render the seller any assistance in the disposal of produce.

do Subpænas

Wilmington, May 15, 1846 LIST OF BLANKS Lamp Wick, and Plough N HAND, and for sale at the JOURNAL OFFICE. County and Sup. Court Writs

> do Fi. Fas. County Court Scire Facias Apprentice's Indentures Letters of Administrators Appeal Bonds Juror's Tickets Marriage License Peace warrants Guardian Bonds Constable's bonds Administrator's do Notes of hand Military Ca Sas Checks, Cape Fear Bank Land Deeds

do Branch Bank of the Warrants, Ca Sas Notes, negotiable at bank Ca Sa bonds Inspector's Certificates Bills Sale, Negro Certificates of Justices attending Court hipping Papers Bills Lading (letter) TAny blank wanted and not on hand will be rinted with the utmost despatch.

Negro Bonds

Officers of the Courts and other officers, and all other persons, requiring blanks, or any other work in the printing line would do well to give us a call, or send in their orders. We are determined to execute our work well, and at the cheapest rates for cash. Call at the JOURNAL OFFICE

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Wilmington and the surrounding country, that he is prepared to do Mill work Steamboat work, Ship work, and edged tools of all descriptions : and likewise, Horse Shoeing and Coach work, done in the neatest style; and bills made out according to times, for cash I will be found at the shop formerly occupied by James Leonard, on Water street. SAM, J. PERRY.

Wilmington, June 26, 1846. To the Riding and Travelling Community

HE subscriber has, and intends keeping co stantly on hand, at his old stand on Market street, a general assortment of goods in his line,

to wit, Ladies and Gentlemen's SADLES, BRI-

DLES, AND MARTINGALES, Hard Leather,

Imitation, Fancy and Common TRUNKS, Vali-

ces, Carpet and Saddle Bags, Ladies Sachels,

Coach, Gig, Buggy and wagon HARNESS, Col-

lars, Whips, Stirrups, Bits, Spurs, &c. &c. All of which he warrants to be of the best workmanship and ma'erials, and are offered for sale at the ALSO,-Charriottecs, Buggies, Trotting Wag-

eather and Shoe Maker's Findings. GUY C. HOTCHKISS. N. B .- Particular attention will be paid to man facturing SADDLES and HARNESS o order and repairing the same, together with trimming Carriages and making Church Cushions. G. C. H. Sept 18, 1846.

NEW FAMILY .

SHIP GROCERY STORE

so arranged as to re from the Northern that their stockwill, that their stockwill, at all times, he full and enter plete with all articles kept in their line.

HOWARD & PEDEN.

October 9, 1846

ons and Sulkies, for sale low. Northern Sole